

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 130568

TO: Vickey Ronesi Location: REM 10D24

Art Unit : 1714 September 1, 2004

Case Serial Number: PCT/US04/01480

From: Kathleen Fuller Location: EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28

Phone: 571/272-2505

Kathleen.Fuller@uspto.gov

Search Notes		
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Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

Kathleen Fuller, EIC 1700 Team Leader 571/272-2505 REMSEN 4B28

Columbary Results Feedback Form
 I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1713 Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:
102 rejection
103 rejection
Cited as being of interest.
Helped examiner better understand the invention.
Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.
Types of relevant prior art found:
☐ Foreign Patent(s)
 Non-Patent Literature (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)
 Relevant prior art not found: Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability). Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.
Comments:

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13068

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SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BR Sci. & Tech. Info. Cntr

AUG 24

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C TC 1600 © TC 1700 C TC 2100 C TC 2600 C TC 2800						
C TC2900 C TC 3600 C TC 3700 C Law Lib C Other						
Enter your Contact Information below:						
Name: Vickey Ronesi						
Employee Number: 80299 Phone: 571-272-2701						
Art Unit or Office: 1714 Building & Room Number: Remsen 10D24						
Enter the case serial number (Required): PCT 04/01480 If not related to a patent application, please enter NA here.						
Class / Subclass(es)						
Earliest Priority Filing Date: 1/21/2003						
Format preferred for results: ☑ Paper ☐ Diskette ☐ E-mail						

Provide detailed information on your search topic:

- In your own words, describe in detail the concepts or subjects you want us to search.
- Include synonyms, keywords, and acronyms. Define terms that have special meanings.
- *For Chemical Structure Searches Only* Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers
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RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 1

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 30 AUG 2004 HIGHEST RN 736108-36-4 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 30 AUG 2004 HIGHEST RN 736108-36-4

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Sep 2004 VOL 141 ISS 10 FILE LAST UPDATED: 31 Aug 2004 (20040831/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d que L5 SCR 2043 L7 SCR 1918 L9 STR

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14
    G1
                                                     0
                  O∼^Ak
                              N \sim Ak \sim 0
     ζ
                  05 6
                              07 8 9
 G1 \sim M \sim 0
                                                Ak \sim C \sim Ak \sim C = O
                                               @10 11 12 13 15
    20
                                        query for claim 1 i 6 × 14

6 7 5 polymers

232 polymers

limited to Ti or

Zr
     0
       ^{\land}Ak\sim C==0
        18 19 21
VAR G1=5/7/10/17
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 20
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
             675 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 AND L5 AND L7
             232 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L12 AND 1-2/TI, ZR 0 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L12 AND 1-2/HF
L13
L15
             232 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L13 OR L14
             111 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L15
              10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (13463-67-7/BI OR 141-97-9/BI OR
L19
                 161457-07-4/BI OR 25119-62-4/BI OR 25322-68-3/BI OR 25791-96-2/
                 BI OR 27901-88-8/BI OR 31694-55-0/BI OR 42503-45-7/BI OR
                 9051-49-4/BI)
L20
               8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L19 AND PMS/CI
L21
               7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L20 NOT 1/TI
L22
               2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L19 NOT L20
L23
               1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L22 NOT 1/TI
L24
            9894 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L23
L25
               4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L16 AND L24
T<sub>2</sub>6
          78771 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L21
L27
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L16 AND L26
L28
              4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          L15/DP
L29
              61 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                           L16(L)(PREP OR IMF OR SPN)/RL
L30
              17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                           L29 AND COATING?/SC, SX, AB, BI
L31
               6 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON L30 NOT (SI OR ?SILOX? OR ?SILAN? OR
                 ?SILYL? OR ?SILICON? OR SI)
L32
              36 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                           L29 NOT (SI OR ?SILOX? OR ?SILAN? OR
                 ?SILYL? OR ?SILICON? )
L33
              4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L29 AND ?OLIGOM?
              42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L25 OR L27 OR L28 OR L31 OR L32 OR
L34
                 L33
                            42 CA reference - limited only by preparation
```

=> d 134 bib abs ind hitstr

T.34 ANSWER 1 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2004:633958 HCAPLUS AN

DN

141:158645

```
Hybrid organic-inorganic polymer coatings with high refractive indices for
 ΤI
      optical devices
 IN
      Flaim, Tony D.; Wang, Yubao; Mercado, Ramil-Marcelo L.
                                                                    applicant
 PΑ
      Brewer Science, Inc., USA
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                            KIND
                                   DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                         DATE
                                   -----
                            ____
                                                ______
                                                                         ______
                                   20040805 <u>WO 2004-US1480</u>
PT
      WO 2004065428
                            A2
                                                                         20040116
          W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG,
              BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES,
              ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX,
              MZ, MZ, NA, NI
PRAI US 2003-441693P
                            Р
                                   20030121
      US 2004-758503
                            Α
                                   20040115
      The composition comprises an organometallic oligomer - [M(R1)(R1)0]n-
      (n >2; M = Group 3-5 and 13-15 metal other than silicone with combining
      valence >+2; R1 = organic moiety), such as \beta-diketonate-chelated
      organometallic oligomer prepared from poly(di-Bu titanate) and Et
      acetoacetate, dispersed or dissolved in a solvent system; and an organic
     polymer or oligomer with weight average mol. weight \geq 150 \text{ g/mol}
      containing a functional group operable to form a covalent or
      coordinate-covalent bond with the organometallic oligomer, such
      as SAA 101 (styrene-allyl alc.). The compns. have long shelf lives and
     can be prepared by easy and reliable preparation procedures. The compns. can
be
     cured to cause conversion of the compns. into films of metal oxide inter
     dispersed with organic polymer or oligomer. The cured films have
     high refractive indexes, high optical charities, and good mech.
     stabilities at film thickness >1 \mum.
IC
     ICM C08F
CC
     42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
ST
     hybrid org inorg polymer coating optical device; refractive index org
     inorg polymer coating
ΙT
     Optical imaging devices
         (flat panels; hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive
         indexes for optical devices)
ΙT
     Coating materials
     Electroluminescent devices
     Hybrid organic-inorganic materials
     Optical instruments
     Optical integrated circuits
     Optical sensors
         (hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for
        optical devices)
ΙT
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for
        optical devices)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
```

(hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for optical devices) ΙT 141-97-9DP, Ethyl acetoacetate, reaction products with poly(di-Bu 13463-67-7P, Titana, uses 27901-88-8DP, 2-Acetoacetoxyethyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer, reaction products with poly(di-Bu titanate) 161457-07-4DP, reaction products with Et acetoacetate or acrylic copolymers RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for optical devices) 9051-49-4, Propoxylated pentaerythritol 25119-62-4, SAA ΤТ 101 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 25791-96-2, Propoxylated glycerol 31694-55-0, Ethoxylated glycerol 42503-45-7, Ethoxylated pentaerythritol RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for optical devices) 141-97-9DP, Ethyl acetoacetate, reaction products with poly(di-Bu IΤ titanate) 27901-88-8DP, 2-Acetoacetoxyethyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer, reaction products with poly(di-Bu titanate) 161457-07-4DP, reaction products with Et acetoacetate or acrylic copolymers RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for planting optical devices)
-97-9 HCAPLUS
anoic acid, 3-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Compound RN 141-97-9 HCAPLUS Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 27901-88-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 21282-97-3 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 161457-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxydihydroxy-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 14531-96-5 CMF C8 H20 O4 Ti

IT 9051-49-4, Propoxylated pentaerythritol 25119-62-4, SAA

101 **25322-68-3**, Polyethylene glycol **25791-96-2**,

Propoxylated glycerol 31694-55-0, Ethoxylated glycerol

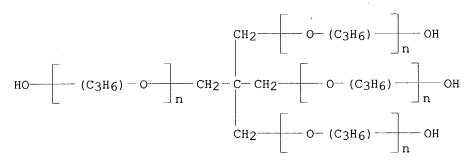
42503-45-7, Ethoxylated pentaerythritol

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(hybrid organic-inorg. polymer coatings with high refractive indexes for optical devices)

RN 9051-49-4 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 25119-62-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol, polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- CM 1

CRN 107-18-6

CMF C3 H6 O

 $H_2C = CH - CH_2 - OH$

RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 6

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 ${\tt H_2C} = {\tt CH-Ph}$

RN 25322-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - H$$

RN 25791-96-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha,\alpha',\alpha''-1,2,3$ propanetriyltris[$\dot{\omega}$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CH_2 - O - (C_3H_6) - OH$$
 $HO - CH_2 - CH - O - (C_3H_6) - OH$
 $HO - CH_2 - CH - O - (C_3H_6) - OH$

RN 31694-55-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha,\alpha',\alpha''-1,2,3-$ propanetriyltris[ω -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 42503-45-7 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d 134 bib abs ind hitstr 2-42

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L34 ANSWER 2 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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2004:391349 HCAPLUS

DN 140:392063

TIHeat-resistant thermosetting resin compositions and cured products of them

Ito, Masayuki; Suga, Yasuhiro

PAAisin Seiki Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	JP 2004137376	A2	20040513	JP 2002-303424	20021017
PRAI	JP 2002-303424		20021017		ZOOZIOI,

AΒ The compns., useful for friction materials, comprise novolaks, bis(o-hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitidiimide (I), and hexamethylenetetramine (II). The cured products are based on phenol and I units and linked by methylene, CH2OCH2, CH2NR"CH2, OMXn-2RmO, and/or OM(OR)n-2R'mO (R, R' = C1H21+1; 1 = 1-6; R'' = H, CH2) groups between phenol units, I units, and phenol and I units. Thus, phenol 500, I (prepared from o-aminophenol and pyromellitic dianhydride) 50, and paraformaldehyde 67.2 g were mixed, heated to 120°, cooled, mixed with 177.3 g of 36% aqueous HCHO solution and 5 g oxalic acid, refluxed for 3 h, and freed of H2O and free phenol under reduced pressure to give a novolak, 90 parts of which was kneaded with 10 parts II, crushed, hot-pressed, and heated to 160-200° to give a cured product showing decomposition temperature 533° in N and 542° in air. ICM C08L061-14

IC

ICS C08K005-3415; C08K005-3477

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) CC

heat resistance novolak hydroxyphenylpyromellitimide ST

ΙT Heat-resistant materials

> (heat-resistant novolak compns. containing bis(hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitimid e units)

ITPolyimides, properties

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (phenolic; heat-resistant novolak compns. containing bis(hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitimide units)

IT Phenolic resins, properties

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (polyimide-; heat-resistant novolak compns. containing

bis(hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitimide units)

IT 686342-42-7P 686342-43-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(heat-resistant novolak compns. containing bis(hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitimid e units)

IT 31664-79-6P 686342-41-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(heat-resistant novolak compns. containing bis(hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitimid e units)

IT 89-32-7, Pyromellitic dianhydride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with aminophenol)

IT 95-55-6, o-Aminophenol

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with pyromellitic dianhydride)

IT 686342-43-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(heat-resistant novolak compns. containing bis(hydroxyphenyl)pyromellitimid e units)

RN 686342-43-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, $[\mu-[2,6-bis[2-(hydroxy-\kappa0)phenyl]benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']dipyrrole-1,3,5,7(2H,6H)-tetronato(2-)]]hexakis(2-propanolato)di-, polymer with formaldehyde, phenol and 1,3,5,7-tetraazatricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]decane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)$

CM 1

CRN 686342-41-6 CMF C40 H52 N2 O12 Ti2

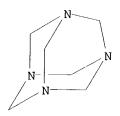
CM 2

CRN 108-95-2 CMF C6 H6 O



CM 3

CRN 100-97-0 CMF C6 H12 N4



CM 4

CRN 50-00-0 CMF C H2 O

H2C=0

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2004:310850 HCAPLUS

DN 140:340100

TI Curable adhesive compositions containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol **oligomers** suitable for optical applications

IN Shustack, Paul J.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI PRAI	US 2004072933 US 2002-253623	A1	20040415 20020923	US 2002-253623	20020923

AB A composition suitable for use as an adhesive or coating comprises (a) at least one polymerizable component curable by actinic radiation or electron beam radiation, (b) at least one multifunctional thiol of the general formula R-(SH)n, where R is any organic functional group excluding polyesters, polysulfides, mercaptoesters and carbon-carbon double bonds., and (c) optionally, a viscosity reducing polymerizable component. The composition can be used as adhesion promoter and/or primer to enhance adhesion of photoor electron beam-curable polymers, coatings, adhesives, or sealants to

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gold, other precious metals, and their alloys. The resulting cured compns. are optically clear, have low Tg (\leq 30°), high refractive index (> 1.50 at 1541 nm), thermally, oxidatively, and
     hydrolytically stable. The adhesive compns. containing such multifunctional thiols can survive, without delamination or separation, testing conditions of
     85° and 85% relative humidity for time in excess of 500 h.
     an adhesive composition comprising 69.0% of an oligomer of
     4,4'-dimercaptodiphenyl sulfide and a bismaleimide of a C36-alkylene
     diamine (QMI 501), 23.0% of ethoxylated nonylphenol acrylate (Aronix
     M-111), 4.0% of Irgacure 1850, 3.0% of 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane (Silquest A-189), and 1.0% of Irganox 1035 antioxidant was produced.
     ICM C08G002-00
NCL
     524280000
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
     maleimide polythiol acrylate curable adhesive compn optical application
     Fluoropolymers, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (acrylate-containing; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-
         multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for optical
         applications)
     Epoxy resins, uses
     Polyesters, uses
     Polyethers, uses
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     Polyurethanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (acrylates; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional
        thiol oligomers suitable for optical applications)
     Glass, uses
     Metals, uses
     Noble metals
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
         (adhesives for; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-
        multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for optical
        applications)
     Adhesion promoters
     Adhesives
     Coating materials
     Optical films
     Optical instruments
         (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
     Macromonomers
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT
     (Réactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
     Epoxy resins, uses
     Polythioethers
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
     Polymerization
        (photopolymn.; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-
        multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for optical
        applications)
     Polythioethers
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
```

```
(Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (polyether-polyimide-, bismaleimide-based, acrylic; curable adhesive
         compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol oligomers
         suitable for optical applications)
 TΤ
      Polyimides, preparation
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
      (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (polyether-polythioether-, bismaleimide-based, acrylic; curable
         adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
         oligomers suitable for optical applications)
 ΙT
      Polythioethers
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
      (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (polyimide-, bismaleimide-based, acrylic; curable adhesive compns.
         containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for
         optical applications)
     Polyethers, preparation
ΙT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
      (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (polyimide-polythioether-, bismaleimide-based, acrylic; curable
        adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
ΙT
     Polyimides, preparation
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
     (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (polythioether-, bismaleimide-based, acrylic; curable adhesive compns.
        containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for
        optical applications)
ΙT
     Thiols (organic), uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (polythiols; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional
        thiol oligomers suitable for optical applications)
ΙT
     Polymerization
        (radiochem.; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional
        thiol oligomers suitable for optical applications)
TΤ
     Polyethers, uses
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     Polyurethanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (thiol-terminated; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-
        multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for optical
        applications)
     7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-57-5, Gold, uses
ΙT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (adhesives for; curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-
        multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for optical
        applications)
ΙT
     679812-56-7P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
ΙT
     679411-06-4P
                    679812-51-2P
                                   679812-53-4P
                                                  679812-54-5P
                                                                 679812-55-6P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
     (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
TT
    48145-04-6, 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate 50974-47-5, Ethoxylated nonylphenol
     acrylate
```

```
RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
         (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
         oligomers suitable for optical applications)
TΤ
     79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters and thioesters
                                                       79-41-4D, Methacrylic
     acid, esters and thioesters 97-65-4D, Itaconic acid, esters
     1,4-Benzenedimethanethiol 541-59-3D, Maleimide, derivs.
                                                                   624 - 39 - 5,
     p-Benzenedithiol
                        626-04-0, m-Benzenedithiol
                                                       2399-48-6,
     Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate 2495-35-4, Benzyl acrylate
                                                                  2495-37-6.
     Benzyl methacrylate 3570-55-6, 2-Mercaptoethyl sulfide 3724-65
Crotonic acid, esters 4720-60-9, Pentaerythrityl tetramercaptan
                                                                  3724-65-0D,
     5888-33-5, Isobornyl acrylate 12542-30-2, Dicyclopentenyl acrylate
     14970-87-7, Triethylene glycol dimercaptan 17534-15-5, o-Benzenedithiol
     19362-77-7, 4,4'-Thiobisbenzenethiol 41383-84-0, 1,2-
     Benzenedimethanethiol 41563-69-3, 1,3-Benzenedimethanethiol
     68169-12-0, Dicyclopentenyl oxyethyl acrylate
                                                       71926-19-7
                                                                    101359-87-9,
     Capcure 3-800
                     149303-87-7
                                    288621-94-3
                                                 679411-04-2
                                                                 679796-58-8
     679804-71-8, Capcure LOF
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
TΤ
                     679812-50-1P
                                   679812-52-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (oligomeric; curable adhesive compns. containing
        maleimide-multifunctional thiol oligomers suitable for
        optical applications)
IT
     679812-56-7P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (curable adhesive compns. containing maleimide-multifunctional thiol
        oligomers suitable for optical applications)
     679812-56-7 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Titanate(2-), tetrakis[2,2-bis[(2-propenyloxy)methyl]-1-butanolato-
     \kappaO]bis(ditridecyl phosphito-\kappaO'')-, dihydrogen, polymer with
     OMI 501, 2-phenoxyethyl 2-propenoate and 2,2'-thiobis[ethanethiol] (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 679812-42-1
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI
         MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
     CRN 64157-14-8
         C100 H192 O18 P2 Ti . 2 H
     CMF
    CCI CCS
```

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O-} (\text{CH}_2)_{12} - \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{Me-} (\text{CH}_2)_{12} - \text{O-} \text{P---} \text{R2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{O}^-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{Et} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

PAGE 2-A

●2 H+

CM 3

CRN 48145-04-6 CMF C11 H12 O3

CM 4

CRN 3570-55-6 CMF C4 H10 S3 HS-CH2-CH2-S-CH2-CH2-SH

```
ANSWER 4 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN
      2004:307545 HCAPLUS
 DN
      140:347541
     Correction liquid containing metal-containing polymer for lithography
 TΙ
     printing plate
 IN
     Okamoto, Yasuo
 PΑ
     Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 43 pp.
 SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     -----
                                -----
                                           ______
     JP 2004114360
                        A2
                                20040415
                                            JP 2002-277849
                                                                   20020924
PRAI JP 2002-277849
                                20020924
     The correction liquid contains metal-containing polymer with partial structure
     NCH2R0 (R0 = PO3H2, OPO3H2 or their salt). Desired image area can be
     erased rapidly without bad effect to other image area and stain.
ΙC
     ICM B41N003-00
     ICS G03F007-00
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
     lithog plate correction liq metal polymer
ST
     Lithographic plates
        (correction liquid containing metal-containing polymer for lithog. printing
        plate)
IΤ
     Silsesquioxanes
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (reaction products with phosphonic acid and formaldehyde; correction
        liquid containing metal-containing polymer for lithog. printing plate)
     50-00-0DP, Formaldehyde, reaction products with amonopropyltriethoxysilane
ΙT
              13598-36-2DP, Phosphonic acid, reaction products with
     amonopropyltriethoxysilane polymer 29159-37-3DP, 3-
     Aminopropyltriethoxysilane homopolymer, reaction products with phosphonic
     acid and formaldehyde 160314-79-4DP, reaction products with phosphonic
     acid and formaldehyde
                            170632-79-8DP, 3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane-
     tetramethoxysilane copolymer, reaction products with phosphonic acid and
     formaldehyde 287184-58-1DP, reaction products with phosphonic acid and
                    679817-61-9DP, reaction products with phosphonic acid and
     formaldehyde
     formaldehyde
                    679817-62-ODP, reaction products with phosphonic acid and
                    679835-15-5DP, reaction products with phosphonic acid and
     formaldehyde
     formaldehyde 679835-17-7DP, reaction products with phosphonic
     acid and formaldehyde 679835-18-8DP, reaction products with phosphonic
     acid and formaldehyde
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (correction liquid containing metal-containing polymer for lithog. printing
ΙT
     679835-17-7DP, reaction products with phosphonic acid and
     formaldehyde
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
```

```
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (correction liquid containing metal-containing polymer for lithog. printing
        plate)
RN
     679835-17-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Titanium, (3-aminopropyl)trimethoxy-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI)
                                                                        (CA INDEX
     NAME)
   CM
          1
     CRN
          679835-16-6
          C6 H17 N O3 Ti
     CMF
     ОМе
MeO-Ti-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>
     OMe
    ANSWER 5 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     2003:1007696 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     140:50322
ΤI
     Developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic
     applications
     Krishnamurthy, Vandana; Neef, Charles J.; Snook, Juliet A. M.
PΑ
     Brewer Science, Inc., USA
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: USXXCO
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
                          ____
PI
     US 2003235786
                          A1
                                 20031225
                                             US 2002-180625
                                                                     20020625
     US 6740469
                          B2
                                 20040525
     WO 2004001502
                          A1
                                 20031231
                                             WO 2003-US19457
                                                                     20030618
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR,
             TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
             NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
             GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2002-180625
                          Α
                                20020625
```

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R & R \\
O & O \\
\hline
 & M & O
\end{array}$$

Ι

Antireflective compns. and methods of using these compns. to form circuits are provided. The compns. comprise a polymer dissolved or dispersed in a solvent system. In a preferred embodiment, the polymers of the composition include recurring units having the formula I (X = light attenuating moiety; M = a metal; R = H, alkyls, aryls, alkoxys, phenoxys). The resulting compns. are spin bowl compatible (i.e., they do not crosslink prior to the bake stages of the microlithog. processes or during storage at room temperature), are wet developable, and have superior optical properties.

ICM G03F007-30

G03F007-38; G03F007-11; B32B009-00; B32B019-00; C08G063-48; C08L071-12; B05D005-12; B05D003-02; B05D003-12

430272100; 430271100; 430325000; 430311000; 430935000; 427096000; NCL 427097000; 427240000; 427385500; 427387000

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 76

STdeveloper soluble metal alkoxide microelectronic photolithog antireflective coating

ΙT Antireflective films Microelectronics

(developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic applications)

IT Photolithography

> (vacuum UV; developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic applications)

ΙT 121-33-5DP, Vanillin, reaction product with Titanium diisopropoxide bis(ethylacetoacetate) 141-97-9DP, Ethyl acetoacetate, reaction product with poly(dibutyltitanate) and Trimethylolethoxylate or Cyano-(hydroxyphenyl)-acrylic acid Et ester 6935-44-0DP, reaction product with poly(dibutyltitanate) 95461-66-8DP, reaction product with poly(dibutyltitanate) 161457-07-4DP, reaction product with Et acetoacetate and Trimethylolethoxylate or Cyano-(hydroxyphenyl)-acrylic acid Et ester 637030-07-0DP, reaction product with Cyano-(hydroxyphenyl)acrylic acid Et ester 637030-08-1DP, reaction product with vanillin RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antireflective coating; developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic applications)

ΙT

75-59-2, Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (developer; developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic applications)

IT 84540-57-8, Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (solvent; developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic applications)
1-97-9DP, Ethyl acetoacetate, reaction product with

IT 141-97-9DP, Ethyl acetoacetate, reaction product with poly(dibutyltitanate) and Trimethylolethoxylate or Cyano-(hydroxyphenyl)-acrylic acid Et ester 161457-07-4DP, reaction product with Et acetoacetate and Trimethylolethoxylate or Cyano-(hydroxyphenyl)-acrylic acid Et ester

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (antireflective coating; developer-soluble metal alkoxide coatings for microelectronic applications)

RN 141-97-9 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\checkmark$$
 Me-C-CH₂-C-OEt

RN 161457-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxydihydroxy-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 14531-96-5 CMF C8 H20 O4 Ti

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:800401 HCAPLUS

DN 140:112135

TI Formation of epoxide-titanium acylate polymers

AU Burdin, A. B.; Suvorov, A. L.; Sennikov, V. V.

CS Inst. Org. Sinteza, UrO RAN, Yekaterinburg, Russia

SO Plasticheskie Massy (2003), (7), 27-29 CODEN: PLMSAI; ISSN: 0554-2901

PB ZAO NP "Plasticheskie Massy"

DT Journal

LA Russian

Kinetics of crosslinking of ED-20 epoxy resin with dibutoxy titanium bis(Bu succinate), dibutoxy titanium bis(Bu maleate), dibutoxy titanium bis(Bu cis-4-methyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydrophthalate) was studied. The crosslinking agents were obtained by the reaction of tetrabutoxytitanium with the anhydrides of the corresponding acids. Chemical activities of the crosslinking agents were compared. 7358-82-9, Titanium, [(3-carboxyacryloyl)oxy]triisopropoxy-, iso-Pr ester 7393-49-9, Titanium, acetoxytributoxy- 7393-50-2, Titanium, tributoxy[(3-carboxyacryloyl)oxy]-, Bu ester 7428-41-3, Titanium, dibutoxybis[(3-carboxyacryloyl)oxy]-, di-Bu ester 100154-87-8, Titanium, [(0-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]triisopropoxy-, iso-Pr ester 105792-45-8, Titanium,

bis[(o-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]diisopropoxy-, diisopropyl ester (preparation of). CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) STepoxy crosslinking titanium acylate; titanium maleate crosslinking epoxy; phthalate titanium crosslinking epoxy; succinate titanium crosslinking epoxy; tetrahydrophthalate titanium crosslinking epoxy IT Crosslinking Crosslinking agents Crosslinking kinetics Swelling, physical (crosslinking of epoxy resin with titanium acylates) IT Epoxy resins, properties RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinking of epoxy resin with titanium acylates) IT 344328-77-4P 344328-87-6P 647376-64-5P 647842-09-9P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (crosslinking of epoxy resin with titanium acylates) 7428-41-3 32618-42**-**1 32673-51-1 647842-08-8 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinking of epoxy resin with titanium acylates) 344328-77-4P 344328-87-6P 647376-64-5P 647842-09-9P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (crosslinking of epoxy resin with titanium acylates) RN 344328-77-4 HCAPLUS Titanium, dibutoxybis[monobutyl (2Z)-2-butenedioato- κ O']-, (T-4)-, CN polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM7428-41-3 CRN CMF C24 H40 O10 Ti n-BuO-C-CH-CH-C \cap n-BuO-Ti-O-C-CH-CH-C-OBu-n OBu-n

CM 2 CRN 106-89-8

CMF C3 H5 C1 O

O CH2-C1 RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 19

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 344328-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(butyl butanedioato-0)-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 32673-51-1 CMF C24 H44 O10 Ti

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 647376-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(monobutyl 1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ 02)-, (T-4)-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 32618-42-1 CMF C32 H44 O10 Ti

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 647842-09-9 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, rel-dibutoxybis[monobutyl (1R,2S)-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboxylato]-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM 2

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

CM 3

CRN 647842-08-8 CMF C34 H56 O10 Ti CCI IDS

CM 4

CRN 14531-96-5 CMF C8 H20 O4 Ti

CM 5

CRN 1654-99-5 CMF C9 H12 O4

Relative stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ &$$

CM 6

CRN 71-36-3 CMF C4 H10 O

H3C-CH2-CH2-CH2-OH ANSWER 7 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2003:596669 HCAPLUS AN DN 139:150765 Acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alcohol polymer compositions with good ΤI storage stability and their uses ΙN Hirai, Yoshiaki; Bandai, Shusaku; Nakai, Tatsuaki Nippon Synthetic Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan PΑ Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DTPatent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. DATE KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE ----*_____* ----------_ 20030805 JP 2003221482 A2 JP 2002-20945 20020130 PRAI JP 2002-20945 20020130 The compns., useful for thermal recording media and jet-printing media, etc., comprise acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alc. polymers and Ti compds. containing (RO)nTi(OXNHYZ)4-n or (RO)nTi[OXN(YZ)2]4-n (R = C1-6 alkyl; X, Y = C1-6 alkylene; Z = OH, amino; n = 0, 1). Thus, a composition containing 400 parts acetoacetate ester-containing poly(vinyl alc.) (acetoacetate ester content 5 mol%) and 2 parts Plenact KR 44 [isopropyltris(Naminoethylaminoethyl) titanate] was applied on a paper substrate and dried to give a jet-printing sheet with good water resistance. ICM C08L029-04 ICS B41J002-01; B41M005-00; B41M005-26; C08K005-17 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 74 ST vinyl alc polymer acetoacetate titanate water resistance; thermal recording jet printing media PVA; isopropyl aminoethylaminoethyl titanate crosslinking agent PVA IT Crosslinking agents Ink-jet recording sheets Water-resistant materials (acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alc. polymer compns. with good storage stability) IT Recording materials (thermal; acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alc. polymer compns. with good storage stability) IT571178-43-3P, Poly(vinyl alcohol) acetoacetate-Plenact KR 44 copolymer 571178-44-4P, Isopropyltris[bis(N-hydroxyethyl)aminoethyl] titanate-poly(vinyl alcohol) acetoacetate copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alc. polymer compns. with good storage stability) IT 65380-84-9, Plenact KR 44 571174-54-4 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinking agent; acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alc. polymer compns. with good storage stability)

571178-44-4P, Isopropyltris[bis(N-hydroxyethyl)aminoethyl]

titanate-poly(vinyl alcohol) acetoacetate copolymer

IT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (acetoacetate ester-containing vinyl alc. polymer compns. with good storage stability)

RN 571178-44-4 HCAPLUS

Titanium, tris[2-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]ethanolato- κ 0](2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethenol homopolymer 3-oxobutanoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 571174-54-4 CMF C21 H49 N3 O10 Ti

CM 2

CRN 39290-68-1 CMF C4 H6 O3 . x (C2 H4 O)x

CM 3

CRN 541-50-4 CMF C4 H6 O3

CM 4

CRN 9002-89-5 CMF (C2 H4 O)x CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 557-75-5 CMF C2 H4 O

 $H_2C = CH - OH$

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28 571/272-2505

```
2002:815020 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     138:322161
ΤI
     In Situ Processing of Nano Crystalline Oxide Particles/Polymer Hybrid
ΑU
     Hirano, Shin-ichi; Yogo, Toshinobu; Sakamoto, Wataru; Yamada, Seiji;
     Nakamura, Tomoyuki; Yamammto, Tomoe; Ukai, Hiroyuki; Banno, Kouichi;
     Nakafuku, Tomoko; Ando, Yukari
CS
     Graduate School of Engineering, Department of Applied Chemistry, Nagoya
     University, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya, 464-8603, Japan
SO
     Journal of Sol-Gel Science and Technology (2003), 26(1/2/3), 35-41
     CODEN: JSGTEC; ISSN: 0928-0707
PB
     Kluwer Academic Publishers
DT
     Journal; General Review
LA
     English
     A review on preparation of nano sized crystalline magnetic or dielec.
AΒ
particles/iron
     tris(allylacetylacetonate) or methacryltrisisopropoxytitanium polymer
     hybrids from designed metal-organic precursors modified with polymerizable
     ligand by synthesis of organic matrix by polymerization and in situ nucleation
and
     growth of crystalline oxide particles in the organic matrix below 100°C.
CC
     38-0 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 77
     review cryst nanoparticle iron trisallylacetylacetonate polymer hybrid
ST
     prepn; nanoparticle magnetic dielec methacryltrisisopropoxytitanium
     polymer review
IT
     Vinyl compounds, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polymers; preparation and properties of nano sized crystalline magnetic or
        dielec. particles/allyl or methacrylate polymer hybrids)
ΙT
     Hybrid organic-inorganic materials
     Nanoparticles
        (preparation and properties of nano sized crystalline magnetic or dielec.
        particles/allyl or methacrylate polymer hybrids)
IT
     163549-92-6P
                    174659-61-1P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation and properties of nano sized crystalline magnetic or dielec.
        particles/allyl or methacrylate polymer hybrids)
ΙT
     163549-92-6P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation and properties of nano sized crystalline magnetic or dielec.
        particles/allyl or methacrylate polymer hybrids)
RN
     163549-92-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     Titanium, (2-methyl-2-propenoato-0)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-,
     homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM.
          1
     CRN
         18327-72-5
     CMF
         C13 H26 O5 Ti
              CH<sub>2</sub>
   i-Pro
             0
i-Pro-Ti-O-C-C-Me
```

OPr-i

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28 571/272-2505

RE.CNT

21

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ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
 L34
     ANSWER 9 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ΑN
      2002:559900 HCAPLUS
 DN
      137:270325
      Novel spin bowl compatible, wet developable bottom anti-reflective coating
 TΙ
      for i-line applications
ΑU
      Neef, Charles J.; Krishnamurthy, Vandana; Turner, Stephen R.
      Brewer Science, Inc., Rolla, MO, 65401, USA
CS
     Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (2002), 87, 199-200
SO
     CODEN: PMSEDG; ISSN: 0743-0515
PΒ
     American Chemical Society
DT
     Journal; (computer optical disk)
LA
     English
AΒ
     In this paper, the preparation and studies of a novel wet developable, spin
     bowl compatible BARC derived from a titanium sol-gel material are
     reported. This BARC shows good compatibility with resist solvents and
     excellent photolithog. performance compared to previous work.
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 42
ST
     antireflective film coating i line photolithog titanate titanium solgel
     Photolithography
         (UV; spin bowl compatible, wet developable bottom anti-reflective
        coating for i-line photolithog. derived from titanium sol-gel material)
     Antireflective films
ΙT
         (spin bowl compatible, wet developable bottom anti-reflective coating
        for i-line photolithog. derived from titanium sol-gel material)
     6935-44-0
ΙT
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PROC (Process)
        (CHAE; in bottom anti-reflective coating preparation)
ΙT
     141-97-9 141-97-9D, reaction products with poly(di-Bu
     titanate) 32458-00-7 32458-00-7D, reaction products
     with Et acetoacetate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (in bottom anti-reflective coating preparation)
IT
     462121-07-9, PFI 3488
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (spin bowl compatible, wet developable bottom anti-reflective coating
        for i-line photolithog. derived from titanium sol-gel material)
ΙT
     141-97-9 141-97-9D, reaction products with poly(di-Bu
     titanate) 32458-00-7 32458-00-7D, reaction products
     with Et acetoacetate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (in bottom anti-reflective coating preparation)
RN
     141-97-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
           0
     ^- CH_2^- C^- OEt
     141-97-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

0 \circ Me-C--CH2-C-OEt RN 32458-00-7 HCAPLUS Titanium, dibutoxyoxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CM 1 CRN 30860-71-0 CMF C8 H18 O3 Ti 0 n-BuO-Ti-OBu-n 32458-00-7 HCAPLUS RN CN Titanium, dibutoxyoxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 30860-71-0 CMF C8 H18 O3 Ti 0 П n-BuO-Ti-OBu-n RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L34 ANSWER 10 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2001:745616 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 135:306203 TΙ Sulfonic acid group-containing polymer, proton-conducting polymer electrolyte, and fuel cell using it IN Nakano, Yoshihiko; Akasaka, Yoshihiro; Ozu, Hideyuki; Tomimatsu, Morohiro; Takashita, Masahiro; Yasuda, Kazuhiro; Kakuno, Hiroyasu; Yonetsu, Maki; Hayase, Shuji PΑ Toshiba Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2000-159175

20000331

Α2

20011012

20000331

Claimed polymer has repeating units CR1R2CR3AX and CR4R5CR6BSi(OR7)3 (X = SO2Y or SO3Z; R1-R7 = hydrocarbyl, H, halo; A = valence or divalent organic group free from benzene ring; B = valence or organic group; Y = halo, NH2,

JP 2001283635

PRAI JP 2000-159175

PΙ

IC

CC

ΙT

TΤ

IT

ΙT

IT

ΙT

ΙT

ΙT

IT

hydrolyzed

hydrocarbyl-substituted amino group; Z = alkyl, alkali metal, quaternary ammonium). Claimed proton-conducting polymer electrolyte comprises a $\verb"polymer" (CR1R2CR3ASO3H) m (CR4R5CR6BSi) n \\ \text{(I)} \\ \text{in which Si is bonded through} \\$ O. Also claimed polymer electrolyte comprises a polymer I in which Si is bonded through a group OMO (M = Si, Al, Zr, Ti, and/or B). A fuel cell using the proton-conducting electrolyte is also claimed. The polymer electrolyte has high chemical stability. ICM H01B001-06 ICS H01M008-02; H01M008-10 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76 sulfonic acid vinyl silsesquioxane proton conducting polymer electrolyte; fuel cell polymer electrolyte sulfonic acid vinyl silsesquioxane Silsesquioxanes RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (aluminoxane-; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Ionic conductors (polymeric; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Sulfonic acids, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymers; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Aluminoxanes Titanoxanes Zirconoxanes RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (silsesquioxane-; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Polymers, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (sulfo-containing; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Fuel cell electrolytes Polymer electrolytes Solid state fuel cells (sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Silsesquioxanes RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (titanoxane-; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) Silsesquioxanes RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (zirconoxane-; sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell) 365494-31-1DP, hydrolyzed 365494-32-2DP, hydrolyzed 365494-31-1P 365494-32-2P 365494-33-3DP, hydrolyzed 365494-33-3P 365494-34-4DP. hydrolyzed 365494-34-4P 365494-36-6DP, hydrolyzed 365494-36-6P 365494-37-7DP, hydrolyzed 365494-37-7P 365494-38-8DP, hydrolyzed 365494-38-8P 365494-39-9DP, hydrolyzed 365494-39-9P 365494-40-2DP,

365494-42-4DP, hydrolyzed

365494-44-6DP,

365494-40-2P

hydrolyzed 365544-15-6DP, hydrolyzed

RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell)

IT **365544-15-6DP**, hydrolyzed

RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (sulfonic acid group-containing vinyl silsesquioxane and proton-conducting polymer electrolyte for fuel cell)

RN 365544-15-6 HCAPLUS

Titanium, dibutoxydihydroxy-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethenyltrimethoxysilane and 1-methylethyl ethenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 14531-96-5 CMF C8 H20 O4 Ti

CM 2

CRN 3851-91-0 CMF C5 H10 O3 S

CM 3

CRN 2768-02-7 CMF C5 H12 O3 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \mid \\ \text{MeO-Si-CH-} \\ \mid \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

L34 ANSWER 11 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 2001:232843 HCAPLUS DN 135:46937

```
TI
      Dielectric spectroscopy study of polymers based on epoxy resins and
      acyloxy derivatives of titanium
 ΑU
      Burdin, A. B.; Suvorov, A. L.; Burdina, L. L.; Dul'tseva, L. D.; Khonina,
      T. G.; Sennikov, V. V.
CS
      Inst. Org. Sinteza, UrO RAN, Russia
SO
      Plasticheskie Massy (2001), (2), 34-36
     CODEN: PLMSAI; ISSN: 0554-2901
PB
     ZAO NP "Plasticheskie Massy"
DΤ
      Journal
LΑ
     Russian
AΒ
     Bisphenol A epoxy resin was crosslinked with (BuO)4-nTi(OCORCOOBu)n, where
     R is a residue of maleic, phthalic, succinic or cis-4-
     methyltetrahydrophthalic acid. All the systems were homogeneous, optimum
     resin-crosslinking agent ratio is 4:1 - 6:1. Dielec. spectroscopy was
     used to determination thermodn. characteristics of crosslinking and glass
     transition processes.
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 36
     epoxy resin crosslinking acyloxybutoxy titanium dielec spectroscopy glass
ST
     transition
ΙT
     Crosslinking enthalpy
     Dielectric loss
     Free energy
     Glass transition
         (dielec. spectroscopy study of polymers based on epoxy resins cured
        with titanium acyloxy derivs.)
ΙT
     Polymer chains
        (relaxation; dielec. spectroscopy study of polymers based on epoxy
        resins cured with titanium acyloxy derivs.)
     Epoxy resins, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (titanoxane-; dielec. spectroscopy study of polymers based on epoxy
        resins cured with titanium acyloxy derivs.)
     344328-77-4P 344328-79-6P 344328-82-1P
IT
     344328-85-4P 344328-87-6P 344797-50-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (dielec. spectroscopy study of polymers based on epoxy resins cured
        with titanium acyloxy derivs.)
ΙT
     344328-77-4P 344328-79-6P 344328-82-1P
     344328-85-4P 344328-87-6P 344797-50-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (dielec. spectroscopy study of polymers based on epoxy resins cured
        with titanium acyloxy derivs.)
RN
     344328-77-4 HCAPLUS
CN
     Titanium, dibutoxybis[monobutyl (2Z)-2-butenedioato-\kappaO']-, (T-4)-,
     polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-
     methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 7428-41-3
     CMF C24 H40 O10 Ti
```

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 Cl O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 344328-79-6 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tributoxy[monobutyl (2Z)-2-butenedioato-κ04]-, (T-4)-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7393-50-2 CMF C20 H38 O7 Ti

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 Cl O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 344328-82-1 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(2-butoxybenzoato-kO)-, (T-4)-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344328-81-0 CMF C30 H44 O8 Ti

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 344328-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tributoxy(2-butoxybenzoato-kO)-, (T-4)-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344328-84-3 CMF C23 H40 O6 Ti

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 344328-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(butyl butanedioato-0)-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 32673-51-1 CMF C24 H44 O10 Ti

CM 2

CRN 106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 Cl O

CM 3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 344797-50-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and dihydrogen dibutoxy[methyl-1,2-cyclohexanedicarboxylato(2-)κ0]titanate(2-) stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344797-49-5 CMF C26 H42 O10 Ti . 2 H CCI CCS, IDS

2 (D1-Me)

●2 H+

2 CM

106-89-8 CMF C3 H5 C1 O

CM3

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

L34 ANSWER 12 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2000:579542 HCAPLUS

DN 133:282159

TIPreparation of soluble, linear titanium-containing copolymers by the free-radical copolymerization of vinyl titanate monomers with styrene

ΑU Branham, Keith E.; Byrd, Houston; Cook, Robert; Mays, Jimmy W.; Gray, Gary

CS Absorbable Polymer Technologies, Inc., Pelham, AL, 35124, USA

Journal of Applied Polymer Science (2000), 78(1), 190-199 CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995

PB John Wiley & Sons, Inc. DTJournal

LA English AB Linear, soluble copolymers containing titanium are of interest for use in targets

for inertial-confinement fusion (ICF) expts. because the titanium is a useful spectroscopic probe for studying the nuclear fusion process. Some suitable copolymers have been prepared from vinyl titanate monomers and styrene via free-radical polymerization Soluble copolymers with mol. wts.

70,000 and 100,000 dalton containing 0.1 atom % titanium can be reliably prepared These copolymers were incorporated into targets used in inertial-confinement fusion expts. at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory Attempts to prepare identical copolymers using macromol. modification were unsuccessful and yielded insol. materials upon reaction of the functionalized copolymers with titanium(IV) isopropoxide.

CC 35-6 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

ST radical polymn vinyl titanate styrene

IT Glass transition temperature

Polymerization

(preparation of soluble, linear titanium-containing copolymers by the free-radical

copolymn. of vinyl titanate monomers with styrene)

IT 3087-37-4, Tetrapropoxytitanium

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(attempted modification of methacrylate-styrene copolymer by)

26010-51-5P, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 27812-11-9P, 2-Acetoacetoxyethyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and attempted modification with tetrapropoxytitanium)

IT 172906-27-3P 299957-42-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and characterization of soluble)

IT 172906-27-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and characterization of soluble)

RN 172906-27-3 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoato)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 172906-24-0 CMF C15 H30 O6 Ti

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

H2C CH-Ph

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L34 ANSWER 13 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1998:163380 HCAPLUS
- DN 128:181679
- TI Methacrylic resin compositions for use in safe marine antifouling coatings
- IN Vanhoye, Didier; Camail, Michel; Margaillan, Andre; Vernet, Jean-Louis; Humbert, Marie
- PA Elf Atochem S.A., Fr.
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA French
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 825203 EP 825203	A1 Bl	19980225 20020220	EP 1997-401909	19970808
	R: AT, BE, CH, IE, FI	DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,
	FR 2752581	A1	19980227	FR 1996-10374	19960822
	FR 2752581	B1	19981030		
	AT 213501	E	20020315	AT 1997-401909	19970808
	ES 2171857	Т3	20020916	ES 1997-401909	19970808
	SG 71038	A1	20000321	SG 1997-2946	19970815
	US 5919840	Α	19990706	US 1997-915799	19970821
	CA 2215572	AA	19980222	CA 1997-2215572	19970822
	CA 2215572	С	20021015		13370022
	JP 10087676	A2	19980407	JP 1997-241910	19970822
	JP 3265240	В2	20020311	01 100, 211010	13370022
	CN 1178229	A	19980408	CN 1997-121368	19970822
	CN 1105746	В	20030416	SN 1337 121300	199/0022
	TW 380153	В	20000121	TW 1997-86114536	19971004
PRAI	FR 1996-10374	A	19960822	10 1557 50114550	133/1004

- A 19960822

 AB The compns. contain gel-free organic-soluble methacrylic acid polymers which have been esterified with Ti(OR)3 groups by reacting the polymer stocks with Ti(OR)4 (R = Et, iso-Pr, Bu, tert-Bu, 2-ethylhexyl, tert-amyl group) at the stoichiometric ratio of Ti/COOH >1. Thus, mixing Elvacite 2550 (Bu methacrylate-methacrylic acid-Me methacrylate 4:14:82 mol/mol copolymer) dissolved in PhMe 20 with Ti(OBu)4 3.62 g gave a solution containing modified polymer with methacrylic acid-Ti(OBu)3 unit content 3.2, Bu methacrylate unit content 66.1 and Me methacrylate unit content 11.3 mol%, and free Ti(OBu)4 19.4 mol%.
- IC ICM C08F008-42 ICS C09D005-16
- CC 42-7 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
- org sol methacrylate resin titanate ester; solvent sol methacrylate resin titanate ester; gel free noncrosslinking methacrylate resin titanate; marine antifouling coating methacrylate resin titanate
- IT Coating materials
 - (antifouling; methacrylic resin compns. for safe marine antifouling coatings)
- IT 28262-63-7DP, Butyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer, titanium complexes
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses) (Elvacite 2550; methacrylic resin compns. for safe marine antifouling coatings) IT 203340-57-2DP, Elvacite 2669, titanium complexes RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (Elvacite 2669; methacrylic resin compns. for safe marine antifouling 203116-03-4P, Methacrylic acid tributoxytitanate-methyl ΙT methacrylate copolymer 203174-88-3P, Methacrylic acid tri(2-ethylhexoxytitanate)-methyl methacrylate copolymer RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (methacrylic resin compns. for safe marine antifouling coatings 7440-32-6D, Titanium, complexes with acrylic polymers, uses IT RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (modifiers for manufacture of marine antifouling coatings) 203116-03-4P, Methacrylic acid tributoxytitanate-methyl IT methacrylate copolymer 203174-88-3P, Methacrylic acid tri(2-ethylhexoxytitanate)-methyl methacrylate copolymer RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (methacrylic resin compns. for safe marine antifouling coatings 203116-03-4 HCAPLUS RN Titanium, tributoxy(2-methyl-2-propenoato- κ 0)-, (T-4)-, polymer with CN methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 17399-93-8 C16 H32 O5 Ti CMF CH₂ n-BuO n-BuO-Ti-O-C-C-Me OBu-n CM 2 80-62-6 CRN C5 H8 O2 CMF

H2C O || || Me-C-C-OMe

RN 203174-88-3 HCAPLUS CN Titanium, tris(2-ethyl-1-hexanolato)(2-methyl-2-propenoato- κ 0)-, RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 38

(T-4)-, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 203174-87-2 CMF C28 H56 O5 Ti

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

 $\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{C-} \text{OMe} \end{array}$

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 14 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:273649 HCAPLUS

DN 126:252530

TI Heat-resistant printing ink compositions with good discoloration prevention and viscosity stability

IN Inoe, Takahiko; Sakuma, Kazuo

PA Sakata Inks, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 09031385 PRAI JP 1995-183039	A2	19970204 19950719	JP 1995-183039	19950719

OS MARPAT 126:252530

Title compns. contain pigments, OH-containing resins, organic solvents, and ≥1 Ti(OR1)(OR2)(OR3)(OR4) and (R5O)(R6O)(R7O)Til···cn tdot.··OTin(OR2n+4)(OR2n+5)(OR2n+6) (R's = C3-18 alkyl, acyl; ≥(2n + 2)/4 of R's are C17H35CO; n = 1-10) as crosslinking agents. Thus, an ink comprising triisopropoxytitanium monostearate 0.1, Tipaque R 900 (TiO2) 30, Rheomide S 2600 (polyamide) 16, HIG 1/2 4, and a 60:30:10 mixture of PhNe/Me2CHOH/EtOAc 49.9 parts was applied on a polypropylene film to show transfer temperature 100-120°, good viscosity

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stability, and no yellowing after 7 days at 40°.
 IC
      ICM C09D011-02
      ICS C09D011-08; C09D011-10
      42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
 CC
      titanium stearate crosslinking agent printing ink; nitrocellulose
 ST
      polyamide titanium stearate printing ink; titanoxane stearate crosslinking
      agent ink; heat resistance printing ink; storage stability printing ink;
      discoloration prevention polyamide cellulose titanoxane ink
 IΤ
      Titanoxanes
      RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
         (crosslinking agents, polyamides and cellulose derivs.; heat-resistant
         and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide printing ink compns. containing
         titanium stearates crosslinking agents)
 IT
      Crosslinking agents
      Discoloration prevention
         (heat-resistant and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide printing ink
         compns. containing titanium stearates crosslinking agents)
IT
         (printing; heat-resistant and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide
        printing ink compns. containing titanium stearates crosslinking agents)
     17283-75-9, Triisopropoxytitanium monostearate
ΙT
                                                       32670-03-4,
     Diisopropoxytitanium distearate
                                        114068-94-9
                                                      188425-83-4
                                                                     188425-87-8
      188425-90-3
                   188425-92-5
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
         (crosslinking agents, polyamides and cellulose derivs.; heat-resistant
        and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide printing ink compns. containing
        titanium stearates crosslinking agents)
ΙT
     188570-57-2P 188570-58-3P 188570-59-4P
     188570-60-7P
                    188626-80-4P
                                    188651-99-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (heat-resistant and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide printing ink
        compns. containing titanium stearates crosslinking agents)
ΙT
     188570-57-2P 188570-58-3P 188570-59-4P
     188570-60-7P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (heat-resistant and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide printing ink
        compns. containing titanium stearates crosslinking agents)
     188570-57-2 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cellulose, nitrate, polymer with (T-4)-(octadecanoato-\kappa O)tris(2-\kappa O)
     propanolato)titanium and Rheomide S 2600 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         188494-81-7
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI
         MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    CM
         2
    CRN 17283-75-9
    CMF C27 H56 O5 Ti
```

CRN 9004-70-0 CMF H N O3 . x Unspecified

CM 4

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 5

CRN 7697-37-2 CMF H N O3

RN 188570-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cellulose, nitrate, polymer with (T-4)-bis(octadecanoato- κ O)bis(2-propanolato)titanium and Rheomide S 2600 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 188494-81-7 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 32670-03-4 CMF C42 H84 O6 Ti

CRN 9004-70-0

CMF H N O3 . x Unspecified

CM 4

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 5

CRN 7697-37-2 CMF H N O3

О— N— ОН

RN 188570-59-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cellulose, nitrate, polymer with bis(octadecanoato- κ 0)- μ -oxotetrakis(2-propanolato)dititanium and Rheomide S 2600 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 188494-81-7

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 188425-83-4

CMF C48 H98 O9 Ti2

CM 3

CRN 9004-70-0

CMF \mbox{H} N O3 . \mbox{x} Unspecified

CM 4

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 5

CRN 7697-37-2 CMF H N O3

O== N- ОН || О

RN 188570-60-7 HCAPLUS CN Cellulose, nitrate, polymer with Rheomide S 2600 and tetrakis(octadecanoato- κ O)- μ -oxobis(2-propanolato)dititanium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 188494-81-7 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 188425-90-3 CMF C78 H154 O11 Ti2

CM 3

CRN 9004-70-0 CMF H N O3 . x Unspecified

CM 4

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 5

CRN 7697-37-2 CMF H N O3



ANSWER 15 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L34

ΑN 1996:667226 HCAPLUS

DN 125:329549

TIMolecules with polymerizable ligands as precursors to porous doped materials

ΑU Hubert-Pfalzgraf, L. G.; Pajot, N.; Papiernik, R.; Parraud, S.

CS Univ. Nice-Sophia-Antipolis, Nice, 06108, Fr.

Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings (1996), 435(Better SO Ceramics through Chemistry VII: Organic/Inorganic Hybrid Materials), 137-142 CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172

PB Materials Research Society

DTJournal

LA English

Titanium and aluminum alkoxide derivs. with polymerizable ligands such as AB 2-(methacryloyloxy)ethylacetoacetate, oleic acid and geraniol were obtained. The various compds. have been characterized by FT-IR and 1H-NMR. Copolymn. with styrene and divinylbenzene affords porous doped organic materials which have been characterized by SEM, elemental anal., d. measurements.

CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

ST divinylbenzene styrene alkoxide compd polymn; methacryloyloxyethylacetoacetate titanium aluminum alkoxide compd prepn; oleic titanium alkoxide compd prepn polymn; geraniol titanium alkoxide compd prepn polymn; hydroxyethylmethacrylate titanium alkoxide compd prepn polymn

IT Polymer morphology

(preparation of divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer porous materials with double-bond-containing polymerizable ligands as precursors)

183852-72-4P 183852-74-6P 183852-76-8P IT

183852-78-0P 183852-81**-**5P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer porous materials with double-bond-containing polymerizable ligands as precursors)

IT106-24-1, Geraniol 112-80-1, 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, reactions 868-77-9, 2-Hydroxyethylmethacrylate 3087-37-4, Tetra(propoxy)titanium 4073-85-2, Tri(propoxy)aluminum 21282-97-3 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer porous materials with double-bond-containing polymerizable ligands as precursors)

ΙT 31775-33-4P 183852-68-8P 183852-69-9P 183852-70-2P 183852-71-3P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer porous materials with

double-bond-containing polymerizable ligands as precursors) IT 183852-72-4P 183852-74-6P 183852-76-8P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer porous materials with double-bond-containing polymerizable ligands as precursors) RN 183852-72-4 HCAPLUS CN Titanium, (9-octadecenoato-0)tris(2-propanolato)-, [T-4-(Z)]-, polymer with diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 31775-33-4 CMF C27 H54 O5 Ti i-PrO 0 $i-PrO-Ti-O-C-(CH_2)_7-CH=CH-(CH_2)_7-Me$ OPr-i CM 2 CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS 2 D1-CH=CH2 CM3 CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8 $_{\rm H2C} = _{\rm CH} - _{\rm Ph}$ RN183852-74-6 HCAPLUS CN Titanium, (3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadien-1-olato)tris(2-propanolato)-, [T-4-(E)]-, polymer with diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI)

INDEX NAME)

1

CM

CRN 183852-68-8 CMF C19 H38 O4 Ti

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OPr-i} & \text{Me} \\ | & | \\ \text{i-PrO-Ti-O-CH}_2\text{-CH} = \text{C-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH} = \text{CMe}_2 \\ | & \\ \text{OPr-i} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



$$2 \left[D1-CH=CH_2 \right]$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 183852-76-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadien-1-olato)bis(2-propanolato)-, [T-4-(E),(E)]-, polymer with diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 183852-69-9 CMF C26 H48 O4 Ti

PAGE 1-A

Me
OPr-i
Me
|
Me
CH-CH₂-CH₂-CH-CH₂-O-Ti-O-CH₂-CH-CH₂-CH₂OPr-i

PAGE 1-B

- CH= CMe₂

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



2 D1-CH=CH2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 ${\tt H_2C} = {\tt CH-Ph}$

L34 ANSWER 16 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:1006881 HCAPLUS

DN 124:88933

TI Polymers with high refractive index from tetravalent metal-containing (meth)acrylate esters

IN Fukai, Tomohiro; Nagai, Yasuhiko; Nakayama, Yasushi

PA Sekisui Chemical Co. Ltd., Japan

50 Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 07268024 A2 19951017 JP 1994-58726 19940329
PRAI JP 1994-58726 19940329

AB Polymers containing repeating units CR1[CO2CH2CH2A(OR2)xR3y]CH2 (R1 = H, Me; R2 = C1-4 alkyl; R3 = alkyl, Ph, naphthyl; x = 1-3, y = 0-2, x + y = 3; A = Ti, Zr, Ge) are subjected to hydrolysis and condensation to give transparent products which have n ≥1.70 and are useful as optical materials, lenses, films, etc. A polymer prepared from

 $\mbox{H2C:CMeCO2CH2CH2Ti(OCHMe2)3}$ in the presence of AIBN was applied to a PET film and subjected to hydrolysis and condensation to give a product having n 1.73 and good adhesion (MIL C 675A).

IC ICM C08F008-12 ICS C08G079-00

CC 37-5 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST titanate deriv methacrylate polymer refractive index; germanate deriv methacrylate polymer refractive index; zirconate deriv methacrylate polymer refractive index; refractive index polymer methacrylate metal deriv; optical material polymer methacrylate metal deriv; lens polymer metal deriv methacrylate; polymn metal deriv methacrylate optical material; alkoxide metal methacrylate polymer refractive index

IT Coating materials

Optical materials

Transparent materials

(polymers of tetravalent metal-containing methacrylate esters having high refractive index)

IT Refractive index and Optical refraction

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(tetravalent metal-containing methacrylate esters for polymers with high)

IT Crosslinking

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hydrolytic, of polymers of tetravalent metal-containing methacrylate esters having high refractive index)

IT 25038-59-9, PET (polyester), miscellaneous

RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)

(film; laminate with polymer of tetravalent metal-containing methacrylate ester having high refractive index)

IT 172906-25-1P 172906-26-2P 172906-27-3P

172906-29-5P **172906-31-9P**

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation for use as optical materials with high refractive index)

IT 172906-25-1P 172906-26-2P 172906-27-3P 172906-31-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation for use as optical materials with high refractive index)

RN 172906-25-1 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, [2-(hydroxy-κO)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoato]tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 172906-24-0 CMF C15 H30 O6 Ti

RN 172906-26-2 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoato)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 172906-24-0 CMF C15 H30 O6 Ti

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 172906-27-3 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoato)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 172906-24-0 CMF C15 H30 O6 Ti

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 172906-31-9 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, tris(1-methylethoxy)[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, (T-4)-,homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 172906-30-8 CMF C15 H30 O6 Zr

L34 ANSWER 17 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:750565 HCAPLUS

DN 123:146871

TI Specific metal compound-containing compositions for **coatings** or inks

IN Yasuda, Naoki; Tanaka, Sukeyuki; Zama, Taku

PA Ajinomoto KK, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI PRAI	JP 07062279 JP 1993-210273	A2	19950307 19930825	JP 1993-210273	19930825

OS MARPAT 123:146871

AB Title compns., giving films with good flexibility and stiffness, contain 0.01-20% (based on inorg. fillers and pigments) unsatd. side chain-containing Zr or Al compds. A Polymal 9305Z (polyester) composition containing TiO2 10, CaCO3

20, a catalyst 0.7, and Zr(OPr)2Q2 (Q = polyoxyethylene monomethacrylate monophthalate) 0.6 part was spread on a steel plate and baked at 130° for 30 min to form a film good adhesion.

IC ICM C09D007-12

ICS C08K003-00; C08K009-04; C09D011-02

CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

ST polyoxyethylene methacrylate phthalate zirconate contg coating; flexibility coating unsatd polyoxyethylene zirconate; stiffness coating unsatd polyoxyethylene aluminate

IT Acrylic polymers, uses

Polyesters, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing coatings with good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)

IT Inks

(unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing resin compns.

with good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)

IT Coating materials

(flexible, unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing resin compns. with good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)

IT 555-31-7, Triisopropyl aluminate 23519-77-9, Tetrapropyl zirconate RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with (poly)ethylene glycol mono(meth)acrylate monoesters)

```
27697-00-3, Ethylene glycol monomethacrylate monophthalate
TΤ
                                                                   58868-83-0
                 127079-01-0
                                155914-99-1
                                               166744-39-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction with alkyl zirconates or aluminates)
TT
     138341-67-0, Polymal 9305Z
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing
        coatings with good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)
ΙT
     9011-14-7, PMMA
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing compns.
with
        good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)
     166744-40-7P 166744-41-8P 166744-42-9P
TΤ
     166744-43-0P 166744-44-1P 166744-45-2P
     166744-46-3P 166744-47-4P 166744-48-5P
     166744-49-6P 166744-50-9P
                                 166744-51-0P
                                                 166744-52-1P
     166744-53-2P 166744-54-3P 166744-55-4P
     166744-56-5P 166744-57-6P 166744-58-7P
     166744-59-8P
                   166744-60-1P
                                   166744-61-2P
                                                   166744-62-3P
     166744-64-5P 166744-65-6P 166744-66-7P
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing resin
compns.
        with good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)
     166744-41-8P 166744-42-9P 166744-43-0P
     166744-44-1P 166744-45-2P 166744-46-3P
     166744-47-4P 166744-48-5P 166744-49-6P
     166744-50-9P 166744-54-3P 166744-55-4P
     166744-56-5P 166744-57-6P 166744-58-7P
     166744-59-8P 166744-65-6P 166744-66-7P
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd. side chain-containing zirconate- or aluminate-containing resin
compns.
        with good adhesion and flexibility and stiffness)
RN
     166744-41-8 HCAPLUS
CN
     Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), \alpha-hydro-\omega-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-
     propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-bis(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato-01)bis(16-
     methylheptadecanoato-O)zirconium (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 166744-42-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-tris(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato-O1)(2-propanolato)zirconium (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 166744-43-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -hydroxy-, ester with (T-4)-(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ O2)tris(2-propanolato)zirconium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O \\
C - O \\
\hline
C + CH_2 - CH_2 - O \\
\hline
OPr-i \\
C - O - Zr - OPr-i \\
OOPr-i$$

RN 166744-44-1 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -hydroxy-, ester with (T-4)-bis(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ 02)bis(didecyl phosphato-0'')(2-propanolato)zirconium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 166744-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -hydroxy-, ester with (T-4)-(2-butenedioato-0)tris(2-propanolato)zirconium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 166744-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-bis(2-butenedioato-O)bis(2-propanolato)zirconium (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

H2C O O OPT-i O
Me-C-C-O-CH2-CH2-O-n C-CH-CH-C-O-Zr-O-C-CHOPT-i

PAGE 1-B

$$= \operatorname{CH-C-CH_2-CH_2-J_n} \circ \operatorname{CH_2} \circ \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-J_n} \circ \operatorname{CH_2-C-M_2-J_n} \circ \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-J_n} \circ \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-$$

RN 166744-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -(2-propenyloxy)-, ester with (T-4)-bis(2-butenedioato-O)bis(2-propanolato)zirconium (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$=$$
 CH $-$ C $-$ CH $_2-$
RN 166744-48-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -(2-propenyloxy)-, ester with (T-4)-tris(2-butenedioato-0)(2-propanolato)zirconium (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

$$-CH = CH - C - CH_2 -$$

RN 166744-49-6 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-bis(3-hydroxy-2-butenoato-O3)bis(2-propanolato)zirconium (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 166744-50-9 HCAPLUS

H₂C

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-tris(3-hydroxy-2-butenoato-03)(2-propanolato)zirconium (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 166744-54-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-bis(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ O2)bis(2-propanolato)zirconium (2:1), polymer with α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 166744-55-4 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-tris(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ 02)(2-propanolato)zirconium (3:1), polymer with α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-42-9

CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C39 H34 O16 Zr

CCI PMS

CRN 25852-47-5

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C8 H10 O3

CCI PMS

RN 166744-56-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethylhexyl ester, polymer with α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) ester with (T-4)-(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ O2)tris(2-propanolato)zirconium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-43-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C20 H28 O8 Zr

CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & & O \\ \hline C-O & CH_2-CH_2-O & & O \\ \hline OPr-i & & C-O-Zr-OPr-i \\ \hline OPr-i & & & \\ \hline OPP-i & & & \\ \hline OP$$

CRN 688-84-6 CMF C12 H22 O2

Et-CH-Bu-n

RN 166744-57-6 HCAPLUS 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethylhexyl ester, polymer with α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) ester with (T-4)-(1,2-benzenedicarboxylato- κ O2)bis(didecyl phosphato-O'')(2-propanolato)zirconium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-44-1 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C54 H98 O14 P2 Zr CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 688-84-6 CMF C12 H22 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ \mid \\ \text{Et} - \text{CH} - \text{Bu-n} \end{array}$$

RN 166744-58-7 HCAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28 571/272-2505

hydroxy-, ester with (T-4)-(2-butenedioato-0)tris(2-propanolato)zirconium (1:1), polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-45-2

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C17 H28 O8 Zr

CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H2C} & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & C-C \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c|c} O & O & OPr-i \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ O-C+CH_2-CH_2 \\ \hline \end{pmatrix}_n \\ \begin{array}{c|c} O & OPr-i \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ O-C-CH \\ \hline \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 166744-59-8 HCAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-bis(2-butenedioato-0)bis(2-propanolato)zirconium (2:1), polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-46-3

CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C22 H28 O12 Zr

CCI PMS

PAGE 1-B

$$= CH - C - CH_2 - CH_$$

RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 59

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 166744-65-6 HCAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-tris(3-hydroxy-2-butenoato-O3)(2-propanolato)zirconium (3:1), polymer with α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-50-9 CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C27 H34 O13 Zr CCI PMS

PAGE 1-B

$$- \mathtt{CH}_2 - \mathtt{CH}_2 - \underbrace{ \mathtt{CH}_2 - \mathtt{CH}_2 }_{n} - \mathtt{O} - \underbrace{ \mathtt{C} - \mathtt{C} - \mathtt{Me} }_{n}$$

CM 2

CRN 25852-47-5 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C8 H10 O3 CCI PMS

RN 166744-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ester with (T-4)-bis(3-hydroxy-2-butenoato-03)bis(2-propanolato)zirconium (2:1), polymer with α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 166744-49-6. CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C22 H32 O10 Zr CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 25852-47-5 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C8 H10 O3 CCI PMS

$$^{\mathrm{H}_{2}\mathrm{C}}$$
 $^{\mathrm{O}}$ $^{\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}_{2}}$ $^{\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}_{2}$ $^{\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}_{2}}$ $^{\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}_{2}$ $^{\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}_{2}}$

L34 ANSWER 18 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:719339 HCAPLUS

DN 123:97969

TI Radiation-sensitive resin composition

IN Ito, Toshio

PA Oki Electric Ind Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

```
PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                 -----
                          ____
                                             -----
                                                                    -----
      JP 07134418
                           A2
                                 19950523
                                             JP 1993-281337
                                                                    19931110
      JP 2981094
                           В2
                                 19991122
 PRAI JP 1993-281337
                                 19931110
 ROM (OCMe 3) OR
   0
ROM(OCMe3)OR I
     A radiation-sensitive resin composition showing high sensitivity to radiations,
AΒ
     good resistance to O2-RIE, and ease to stripping from a substrate
     comprises a polymer made from the monomers ROM(OCMe3) or I (M = Ge, Sn, or
     Ti; R = H, alkyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, or arylmethyl) and a
     radiation-sensitive acid-forming agent.
IC
     ICM G03F007-039
     ICS G03F007-004; H01L021-312
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     radiation resist organometallic compd acid generator
ST
TΤ
     Stannoxanes
     Titanoxanes
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and use in preparing radiation-sensitive resists)
IT
     Resists
        (radiation-sensitive, containing organometallic compds. and acid
        generators)
IT
     165811-87-0P 165811-89-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant
     or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and polymerization in preparing radiation-sensitive resists)
IT
     165811-89-2P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant
     or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and polymerization in preparing radiation-sensitive resists)
RN
     165811-89-2 HCAPLUS
    Titanium, bis(acetato-0)bis(2-methyl-2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer
CN
     (9CI)
           (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CRN 165811-88-1 CMF C12 H24 O6 Ti

```
OAc
|
t-BuO-Ti-OBu-t
|
OAc
```

```
L34 ANSWER 19 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ΑN
      1995:272932 HCAPLUS
 DN
      122:32937
 ΤI
      Uniform organic polymer-titanium complex oxide composites
     Hirano, Shinichi; Iyanagi, Koichi
 IN
 PA
      Pola Kasei Kogyo Kk, Japan; Hirano Shinichi
      Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
 DΤ
      Patent
LA
      Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                             -----
PΙ
     JP 06157767
                          A2
                                 19940607
                                             JP 1993-12966
                                                                    19930128
     JP 3183740
                          B2
                                 20010709
PRAI JP 1992-258598
                         Α
                                19920928
     The title composites are obtained from unsatd. acyloxy group-containing Ti
     alkoxides Ti(OR)4-nQn (R = short-chain alkyl; Q = polymerizable unsatd.
     acyloxy; 'n = 1, 2) and metal alkoxides that do not form perovskite crystal
     structure with Ti, by polymerization of the acyloxy group and cohydrolytic
     polycondensation of the alkoxides. Triisobutoxytitanium acrylate,
     tetra-Et silicate and acrylic acid were polymerized
IC
     ICM C08G079-00
     ICS C08F030-04
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
CC
     acrylic titanium oxide composite
ST
     18327-72-5P
ΙT
                  159969-38-7P
                                 159969-42-3P
                                                 159969-43-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (manufacture and polymerization of)
IT
     18328-57-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manufacture and polymerization of)
IT
     3087-36-3, Titanium tetraethoxide
                                         7425-80-1, Titanium tetraisobutoxide
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with acrylic acid)
ΙT
     5593-70-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with crotonic acid)
IT
     546-68-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with methacrylic acid)
ΙT
     3724-65-0, 2-Butenoic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with titanium tetrabutoxide)
     79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions
TΤ
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with titanium tetraisobutoxide)
TΤ
     79-41-4, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
```

(reaction with titanium tetraisopropoxide) IT 159969-44-5P 159969-45-6P 159969-46-7P 159969-47-8P 159969-48-9P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (uniform organic polymer-titanium complex oxide composites) ΙT 159969-44-5P 159969-45-6P 159969-46-7P 159969-47-8P 159969-48-9P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (uniform organic polymer-titanium complex oxide composites) 159969-44-5 HCAPLUS RN Titanium, tris(2-methyl-1-propanolato)(2-propenoato-0)-, (T-4)-, polymerCN with 2-propenoic acid and silicic acid (H4SiO4) tetraethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM1 159969-42-3 CRN CMF C15 H30 O5 Ti i-BuO 0 i-BuO-Ti-O-C-CH=CH2 OBu-i CM2 CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2 $HO-C-CH=CH_2$ CM 3 CRN 78-10-4 CMF C8 H20 O4 Si OEt EtO-Si-OEt OEt RN159969-45-6 HCAPLUS Titanium, (2-methyl-2-propenoato-0)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer CNwith methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propanol zirconium(4+) salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 18327-72-5 CMF C13 H26 O5 Ti

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} i\text{-PrO} & O & CH_2 \\ | & || & || \\ i\text{-PrO-Ti-O-C-C-Me} \\ | & \\ OPr\text{-i} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 2171-98-4 CMF C3 H8 O . 1/4 Zr

●1/4 Zr(IV)

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 159969-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(2-butenoato-0)dibutoxy-, (T-4)-, polymer with 2-butanol aluminum salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159969-36-5 CMF C16 H28 O6 Ti

CRN 2269-22-9 CMF C4 H10 O . 1/3 Al

●1/3 Al

RN 159969-47-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(2-methyl-2-propenoato-0)-, (T-4)-, polymer with 1-butanol zinc salt and ethanol titanium(4+) salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 18328-57-9 CMF C16 H28 O6 Ti

CM 2

CRN 13422-22-5 CMF C4 H10 O . 1/2 Zn

 $_{\rm H3C-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-OH}$

●1/2 Zn

CRN 3087-36-3 CMF C2 H6 O . 1/4 Ti

H3C-CH2-OH

●1/4 Ti(IV)

RN 159969-48-9 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, triethoxy(2-propenoato-0)-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 2-methyl-1-propanol aluminum salt and silicic acid (H4SiO4) tetraethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159969-38-7 CMF C9 H18 O5 Ti

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \text{OEt} & \text{O} & \\ & | & || \\ \text{EtO-Ti-O-C-CH-} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & | & \\ \text{OEt} & \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 3453-79-0 CMF C4 H10 O . 1/3 Al

●1/3 Al

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------_____ JP 06157648 PΤ A2 19940607 JP 1993-12965 19930128 JP 3129355 B2 A 20010129 19920928 PRAI JP 1992-258597 19920928

The title composites are obtained from unsatd. acyloxy group-containing Ti alkoxides Ti(OR)4-nQn (R = short-chain alkyl; Q = polymerizable unsatd. acyloxy; n = 1, 2) and Ti tetraalkoxides by polymerization of the acyloxy group and cohydrolytic polycondensation of the alkoxides. Triisopropoxytitanium methacrylate and Ti tetraisopropoxide were polymerized

IC ICM C08F008-42 ICS A61K007-40; C01G023-04

ICA C08F030-08

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

ST acrylic titanium oxide composite

IT Titanoxanes

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(manufacture of organic polymer composites of)

IT 18327-72-5P 159969-36-5P 159969-38-7P 159969-40-1P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (manufacture and polymerization of)

3087-36-3, Titanium tetraethoxide 7425-80-1, Titanium tetraisobutoxide RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with acrylic acid)

IT 5593-70-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with crotonic acid)

IT 546-68-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with methacrylic acid)

IT 3724-65-0, 2-Butenoic acid RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

```
(reaction with titanium tetrabutoxide)
  IT
       79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions
       RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
          (reaction with titanium tetraethoxide)
       79-41-4, reactions
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
  IT
          (reaction with titanium tetraisopropoxide)
 TΤ
       159969-35-4P 159969-37-6P 159969-39-8P
       159969-41-2P
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical cr engineered
      material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
          (uniform organic polymer-titanium oxide composites)
      159969-35-4P 159969-37-6P 159969-39-8P
 ΙT
      159969-41-2P
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
      material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
          (uniform organic polymer-titanium oxide composites)
 RN
      159969-35-4 HCAPLUS
      Titanium, (2-methyl-2-propenoato-0)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer
      with 2-propanol titanium(4+) salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
           1
      CRN
          18327-72-5
      CMF C13 H26 O5 Ti
              O CH<sub>2</sub>
    i-PrO
 i-Pro-Ti-o-c-c-Me
        OPr-i
     CM
           2
     CRN
          546-68-9
     CMF C3 H8 O . 1/4 Ti
      ОН
 H3C-CH-CH3
●1/4 Ti(IV)
RN
     159969-37-6 HCAPLUS
     Titanium, bis(2-butenoato-0)dibutoxy-, (T-4)-, polymer with 1-butanol
CN
     titanium(4+) salt and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
    CRN 159969-36-5
    CMF C16 H28 O6 Ti
```

CRN 5593-70-4 CMF C4 H10 O . 1/4 Ti

 $_{\rm H_3C-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-OH}$

●1/4 Ti(IV)

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 159969-39-8 HCAPLUS
CN Titanium, triethoxy(2-propenoato-O)-, (T-4)-, polymer with 2-propanol titanium(4+) salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159969-38-7 CMF C9 H18 O5 Ti

CM 2

CRN 546-68-9 CMF C3 H8 O . 1/4 Ti

●1/4 Ti(IV)

RN 159969-41-2 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(2-methyl-1-propanolato)bis(2-propenoato-0)-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethanol titanium(4+) salt and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159969-40-1 CMF C14 H24 O6 Ti

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} - \text{C} - \text{O} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{i} - \text{BuO} - \text{Ti} - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{OBu-i} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 3087-36-3 CMF C2 H6 O . 1/4 Ti

H3C-CH2-OH

●1/4 Ti(IV)

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

L34 ANSWER 21 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:222340 HCAPLUS

DN 122:315711

TI Synthesis of barium titanate/polymer composites from metal alkoxide AU Yogo, Toshinobu; Kikuta, Ko-Ichi; Yamada, Seiji; Hirano, Shin-Ichi

- RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 71 School of Engineering, Nagoya University, Nagoya, 464-01, Japan CS Journal of Sol-Gel Science and Technology (1994), 2(1/2/3), 175-9 SO CODEN: JSGTEC; ISSN: 0928-0707 PΒ Kluwer DT Journal LA English Barium titanate (BaTiO3)/polymer composite was successfully synthesized AΒ from methacryloyloxytriisopropoxytitanium (MTPT) and Ba alkoxide. MTPT undergoes radical polymerization using AIBN at 90-150°. 1H NMR spectra showed that MTPT reacted with Ba alkoxides yielding a complex alkoxide. BaTiO3 particles/polymer was formed after the polymerization and hydrolysis of the complex alkoxide. The transmission electron microscopic observation revealed that crystalline BaTiO3 particles of around 3 nm in size were dispersed in the polymer matrix. CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 78 barium titanate polymer composite; methacryloyloxytriisopropoxytitanium barium alkoxide polymn IT Polymerization (synthesis of barium titanate/polymer composites from barium alkoxide and unsatd. titanium complexes)
- IT 12047-27-7P, Barium titanate, preparation 163549-92-6P, Methacryloyloxytriisopropoxytitanium polymer
 - RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of barium titanate/polymer composites from barium alkoxide and unsatd. titanium complexes)
- CN Titanium, (2-methyl-2-propenoato-0)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 18327-72-5 CMF C13 H26 O5 Ti

1

CM

ANSWER 22 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:205506 HCAPLUS

DN 122:57471

TI Organic polymer-titanate composites with good moldability and toughness

IN Hirano, Shinichi; Iyanagi, Koichi

PA Pola Kasei Kogyo Kk, Japan; Hirano Shinichi

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF DTPatent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ -----PΤ JP 06157814 _____ A2 19940607 JP 1993-12964 JP 3123580 19930128 B2 20010115 JP 2001106692 Α2 20010417 JP 2000-265924 PRAI JP 1992-258596 19930128 Α 19920928 JP 1993-12964 А3 19930128 The title composites for ferroelecs., piezoelec. devices, etc. are formed AB from unsatd. Ti alkoxides Ti(OR)4-nQn (R = short-chain alkyl; Q = acyl containing polymerizable unsatd. bond; $n=1,\ 2)$ and alkoxides of elements forming perovskite crystal structure with Ti by polymerization of the acyl group and hydrolytic polycondensation of the alkoxy group. A composite was formed from titanium methoxide triisopropoxide, barium diethoxide, and ICICM C08K003-24 ICS C07F007-28; C08F030-04; C08L101-00 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) acrylic titanate composite moldability toughness ST IT Titanoxanes RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (acrylic; organic polymer-titanate composites with good moldability and 159179-55-2P 159179-57-4P 159179-59-6P IT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (organic polymer-titanate composites with good moldability and toughness) 18327-72**-**5P ΙT 159179-51-8P 159179-52-9P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (organic polymer-titanate composites with good moldability and toughness) TΤ 5593-70-4 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with acrylic acid) 3087-36-3, Titanium tetraethoxide IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with crotonic acid) TΤ 546-68-9 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with methacrylic acid) 79-41-4, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) IΤ (reaction with titanium alkoxides) 79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) ΙT (reaction with titanium tetrabutoxide) ΤТ 3724-65-0, 2-Butenoic acid RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with titanium tetraethoxide) 159179-55-2P 159179-57-4P 159179-59-6P ΙT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (organic polymer-titanate composites with good moldability and toughness) RN 159179-55-2 HCAPLUS Titanium, dibutoxybis(2-propenoato-0)-, (T-4)-, polymer with 1-butanol CN

titanium(4+) salt and ethanol strontium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

159179-51-8 CRN CMF C14 H24 O6 Ti

CM2

CRN 5593-70-4

CMF C4 H10 O . 1/4 Ti

 $_{\rm H3C-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-OH}$

●1/4 Ti(IV)

3 CM

CRN 2914-18-3

CMF C2 H6 O . 1/2 Sr

 ${
m H_3C-CH_2-OH}$

●1/2 Sr

159179-57-4 HCAPLUS RN

Titanium, (2-methyl-2-propenoato-0)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, polymer CN with ethanol barium salt and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 18327-72-5

CMF C13 H26 O5 Ti

CM 2

CRN 2914-19-4 CMF C2 H6 O . 1/2 Ba

 $_{
m H3C-CH2-OH}$

●1/2 Ba

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 159179-59-6 HCAPLUS CN Titanium, (2-butenoato-O)triethoxy-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethanol calcium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159179-52-9 CMF C10 H20 O5 Ti

CM 2

CRN 2914-17-2 CMF C2 H6 O . 1/2 Ca

 ${\tt H3C-CH2-OH}$

●1/2 Ca

L34 ANSWER 23 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1992:50251 HCAPLUS

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28 571/272-2505

```
DN
     116:50251
     Studies of imido derivatives of titanium(IV)
TI
ΑU
     Rizvi, S. S. A.
CS
     Dep. Chem., Univ. Maiduguri, Maiduguri, Nigeria
     Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Ethiopia (1991), 5(1), 7-10
SO
     CODEN: BCETE6; ISSN: 1011-3924
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     Ti(OCHMe2)4-n(NHOCR)n (n = 1-4; R = Me, Ph, 3-pyridyl) were prepared by the reaction of Ti(OCHMe2)4 with acetamide, benzamide, and nicotinamide in
AB
     different stoichiometric ratios in anhydrous benzene. The derivs. are stable
     at ≤300° and were characterized by elemental anal. and IR
     spectra.
CC
     78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
ST
     titanium isopropoxo amidato complex
ΙT
     Amides, compounds
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (titanium complexes with isopropoxide)
TΤ
     69858-57-7P
                    69858-58-8P 69858-59-9P 69860-27-1P
     69860-29-3P 69860-31-7P 69860-33-9P
     69860-35-1P
                    69860-36-2P 69860-39-5P
     69860-41-9P 69900-49-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (preparation of)
     69860-27-1P 69860-29-3P 69860-31-7P
     69860-33-9P 69860-35-1P 69860-39-5P
     69860-41-9P 69900-49-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (preparation of)
RN
     69860-27-1 HCAPLUS
     Titanium, (acetamidato-N)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI)
CN
     (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          69860-26-0
     CMF C11 H25 N O4 Ti
        OPr-i
i-Pro-Ti-NHAc
       OPr-i
RN
     69860-29-3 HCAPLUS
     Titanium, bis(acetamidato-N)bis(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI)
CN
       (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 69860-28-2
     CMF C10 H22 N2 O4 Ti
```

RN 69860-31-7 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tris(acetamidato-N)(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-30-6 CMF C9 H19 N3 O4 Ti

RN 69860-33-9 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (benzamidato-N)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-32-8 CMF C16 H27 N O4 Ti

RN 69860-35-1 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(benzamidato-N)bis(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-34-0

CMF C20 H26 N2 O4 Ti

RN 69860-39-5 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tris(2-propanolato)(3-pyridinecarboxamidato-N3)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-38-4 CMF C15 H26 N2 O4 Ti

RN 69860-41-9 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(2-propanolato)bis(3-pyridinecarboxamidato-N3)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-40-8 CMF C18 H24 N4 O4 Ti

RN 69900-49-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (2-propanolato)tris(3-pyridinecarboxamidato-N3)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69900-48-7 CMF C21 H22 N6 O4 Ti

```
ANSWER 24 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN
      1991:33115 HCAPLUS
 DN
      114:33115
      Three-dimensionally crosslinked polyester for electrophotographic toner
 ΤI
      and its manufacture
 IN
      Kamitaki, Takaaki
 PA 
      Canon K. K., Japan
      Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 SO
      CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT
      Patent
 LA
      Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                 -----
                                             -----
 PI
      JP 02183267
                           A2
                                 19900717
                                           JP 1989-2023
                                                                    19890110
      JP 2736987
                          B2
                                 19980408
 PRAI JP 1989-2023
                                 19890110
      The title polyester comprising a polyol and a polycarboxylic acid having a
      linkage with Ti is prepared by crosslinking of the polyester using a Ti
      coupler. The toner with surface smoothness is fixable in a wide range of
      temperature Thus, Me terephthalate, Me trimellitate, polyoxyethylene(2,2)-2,2-
      bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane, and tetraisopropylbis(dioctylphosphite)
      titanate were polymerized then mixed with C.I. Pigment Yellow 17, a
 Cr-containing
      charge controller, and powdered silica to give a yellow toner. A developer
      comprising a coated ferrite carrier and the toner gave a clear offset-free
      image after 25,000 printings.
 IC
     ICM G03G009-087
     ICS C08G063-68
     74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
     electrophotog developer toner polyester binder; titanium coupler
ST
     crosslinked polyester toner; crosslinking agent coupler color toner;
     methyl terephthalate copolymer crosslinked toner; polyoxyethylene
     bishydroxyphenylpropane copolymer crosslinked toner
ΙT
     Polyesters, preparation
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, titanium coupler-crosslinked, binder, for electrophotog.
        developer toner, with surface smoothness)
ΙT
     Crosslinking agents
        (titanium coupler, for polyester, for binder, for electrophotog.
        developer toner)
ΙT
     Binding materials
        (titanium coupler-crosslinked polyester, for electrophotog. developer
        toner)
     Coupling agents
ΙT
        (titanium-, crosslinking agent, for polyester, for binder, for
        electrophotog. developer toner)
IT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (toners, binder for, titanium coupler-crosslinked polyester as, with
        surface smoothness)
ΙT
     131317-57-2P
                   131317-58-3P 131345-81-8P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, binder, for color electrophotog. developer toner, with
       surface smoothness)
ΙT
    131345-81-8P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
```

RN 131345-81-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanate(2-), bis[bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphito-O'']tetrakis(2-propanolato)-, dihydrogen, polymer with dimethyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate, α,α' -[(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene]bis[ω -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)] and trimethyl 1,2,4-benzenetricarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 65460-52-8 CMF C44 H96 O10 P2 Ti . 2 H CCI CCS

●2 H⁺

CM 2

CRN 32492-61-8 CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C15 H16 O2 CCI PMS

HO
$$CH_2-CH_2-O$$
 Me Me Me Me

CM 3

CRN 2459-10-1 CMF C12 H12 O6

CM 4

CRN 120-61-6 CMF C10 H10 O4

L34 ANSWER 25 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:621285 HCAPLUS

DN 113:221285

TI Electrophotographic toners using a polyester crosslinked with an organic titanium compound

IN Kamitaki, Takaaki

CODEN: JKXXAF

PA Canon K. K., Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

DATE APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE PATENT NO. ______ _____ ____ 19880608 JP 1988-139419 19891213 A2 JP 01309071 PΙ 19880608 PRAI JP 1988-139419

Electrophotog. toners comprise a coloring agent and a polyester resin prepared from polyhydric alcs. and polycarboxylic acids and crosslinked with a monomer or polymer RO[TiO(OR2)(OR3)]nR1 [I; R, R1 = C1-10 alkyl; R2, R3 = C1-10 alkyl, COR4 (R4 = C1-10 alkyl); n = 1-15]. The toners exhibit good fixability, antioffset properties, flowability, impact resistance, and charging properties. Thus, a mixture of a polyester prepared from Me terephthalate, trimellitic anhydride, propylene glycol, and I (R = R1 = R2 = R3 = Bu; n = 2) 100, C.I. Pigment Yellow 17 (dye) 3.5, and a Cr-containing organic complex 4 parts was kneaded, pulverized, and mixed with a SiO2 powder and subsequently with a resin-coated ferrite carrier to give an

electrophotog. developer, which gave high quality images and showed good durability and antioffset properties.

ICM G03G009-08 IC ICS G03G009-08

74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

electrophotog toner polyester binder; titanium compd polyester toner ST electrophotog; crosslinked polyester toner electrophotog

IT Titanoxanes

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(dipentanoates, butyl-terminated, polymers, preparation and use of, as binder for electrostatog. developer toners)

Crosslinking agents ΙT

(organotitanium compds., for polyesters, electrostatog. developer toners containing)

ITPolyesters, compounds

RL: USES (Uses)

(compds., crosslinked with organotitanium compds., as binders for electrostatog. developer toners)

ΙT Electrography

(developers, toners, containing crosslinked polyester resins as binders, with good antioffset property)

Electrophotographic developers ΙT

(toners, containing crosslinked polyester resins as binders, with good antioffset property)

50-70-4DP, D-Glucitol, copolymers with Bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct, TT Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, butanol, succinic acid, terephthalic acid, and titanium salt polybasic 100-21-0DP, 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, copolymers with Bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct, Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, butanol, sorbitol, succinic acid, and titanium salt polybasic 110-15-6DP, Butanedioic acid, copolymers with Bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct, Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, butanol, sorbitol, terephthalic acid, and titanium salt polybasic copolymers with Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, di-Me fumarate, and 552-30-7DP, titanoxanes 624-49-7DP, copolymers with Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, titanoxanes and trimellitic anhydride 5593-70-4DP, copolymers with Bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct, Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, sorbitol, succinic acid, and terephthalic acid 32492-61-8DP. copolymers with Bisphenol A-propylene oxide adduct, butanol, succinic acid, terephthalic acid, and titanium salt polybasic 37353-75-6DP, copolymers with Bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct, butanol, sorbitol, succinic acid, terephthalic acid, and titanium salt polybasic 37353-75-6DP, copolymers with diols, diacids and titanoxanes 130495-22-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and use of, as binder for electrostatog. developer toners) ΙT 130495-22-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and use of, as binder for electrostatog. developer toners)

RN 130495-22-6 HCAPLUS

Titanium, hexabutoxy- μ -oxodi-, polymer with 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-CN isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate and 1,2-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 7393-46-6 CMF C24 H54 O7 Ti2

CM 2

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

CM 3

CRN 120-61-6 CMF C10 H10 O4

CM 4

CRN 57-55-6 CMF C3 H8 O2

L34 ANSWER 26 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:406946 HCAPLUS

DN 113:6946

TI Study of immobilized catalysts. XXIV. Catalysts resulting from graft polymerization of metal-containing monomers onto polyethylene

```
Savost'yanov, V. S.; Pomogailo, A. D.; Ponomarev, A. N.
 ΑU
      Inst. Energ. Probl. Khim. Fiz., Chernogolovka, USSR
 CS
 SO
      Kinetika i Kataliz (1989), 30(6), 1414-20
      CODEN: KNKTA4; ISSN: 0453-8811
 DΤ
      Journal
 LA
      Russian
      Metal-containing graft copolymers were obtained by graft polymerization of
 AΒ
 acrylic
      acid transition metal salts or acrylamide transition metal complexes onto
      polyethylene. The valence state, coordination, and ligand environment of
      the metal in the graft copolymer corresponded to that in the starting
      monomer. Graft polymerization occurred through only 1 of the available vinyl
      groups of the salts and complexes, and the graft chains contained
      unpolymd. vinyl groups. Graft copolymers containing Ni(II) and Ti(IV) had
      significantly higher catalytic activity in the dimerization and polymerization
 of
      ethylene than analogous catalysts immobilized through chemical modification
      reactions of a polymer support.
      35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
 CC
      Section cross-reference(s): 38
      metal contg graft copolymer; polymn catalyst metal contg copolymer;
 ST
      dimerization catalyst metal contg copolymer; polyethylene acrylamide metal
      complex grafted; acrylate metal salt grafted polyethylene; ethylene polymn
      immobilized metal catalyst
 TΨ
      Transition metals, uses and miscellaneous
      RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
         (catalysts, polymer-supported, preparation of, by graft polymerization of
acrylic
         salts and complexes)
ΙT
      Polymer-supported reagents
         (catalysts, transition metals, preparation of, by graft polymerization of
acrylic
        salts and complexes)
     Dimerization catalysts
     Polymerization catalysts
         (transition metals, immobilized, prepared by graft polymerization of acrylic
        salts and complexes, for ethylene, activity of)
     111866-37-6P, Cobalt diacrylate-ethylene graft copolymer
ΙT
                                                                 122159-82-4P,
     Ethylene-nickel diacrylate graft copolymer
                                                 122159-83-5P,
     Ethylene-tetrakis(acrylamide)dichloronickel graft copolymer
     122159-84-6P, Ethylene-iron triacrylate graft copolymer 122159-85-7P,
     Copper diacrylate-ethylene graft copolymer
                                                 127602-32-8P,
     Ethylene-tetrakis(acrylamide)dichlorochromium(1+) chloride graft copolymer
     127602-89-5P, Ethylene-tributoxytitanyl acrylate graft copolymer
     127602-90-8P, Chromium triacrylate-ethylene graft copolymer
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and structure and catalytic activity of)
ΙT
     9002-88-4P, Polyethylene
                                16482-32-9P, Ethylene dimer
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, transition metal-containing acrylic graft copolymer as
        immobilized catalyst for)
     127602-89-5P, Ethylene-tributoxytitanyl acrylate graft copolymer
TΤ
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and structure and catalytic activity of)
RN
     127602-89-5
                 HCAPLUS
     Titanium, tributoxy(2-propenoato-0)-, (T-4)-, polymer with ethene, graft
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
         1
```

CRN 127602-88-4 CMF C15 H30 O5 Ti

CM 2

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

 $H_2C = CH_2$

L34 ANSWER 27 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1990:140779 HCAPLUS AN

112:140779 DN

Alkoxytitanium-based surface treatment and treated fillers TI

Mori, Atsushi; Aizawa, Mamoru; Kataoka, Yoshiharu IN

Nippon Soda Co., Ltd., Japan PΑ

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 01170624 PRAI JP 1987-329355	A2	19890705 19871225	JP 1987-329355	19871225
INAL OF TOOL 25222		130.11		

Title fillers, useful for high-mol.-weight matrixes, are treated with AΒ products prepared from tetralkoxytitanium and/or its hydrolyzed oligomers (d.p. ≤6) and oxyalkylene-containing acids with 0.1-2.0 mol the acid residues per Ti. Thus, 1 mol tetraisopropoxytitanium and 1 mol mono(pentaoxyethylene) maleate (I) were treated at 60° for 1 h to give title treatment. Then, 100 parts Whiton SSB was mixed with 50 parts of 2% aqueous solution of the treatment and treated at 110 $^{\circ}$ for 2 h to give a filler, 100 parts of which was blended with 75 parts Diol 3000 and kneaded for 30 min to give a composition showing viscosity 4000 cP at 25° vs. 62,000 for a composition using a treatment prepared similarly using N-aminoethylaminoethanol instead of I.

ICM C08K009-04 IC

ICS C08K009-04; C09C001-36

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) CC

alkoxytitanium surface treatment filler; alkylene ether acid STalkoxytitanium adduct; isopropoxytitanium polyoxyethylene maleate surface treatment; calcium carbonate filler surface treatment

Polyethers, uses and miscellaneous ΙT

RL: USES (Uses)

(fillers for, surface-treatment for, alkoxytitanium-based compds. as)

112263-55-5, Diol 3000 IT

RL: USES (Uses)

(fillers for, surface-treatment for, alkoxytitanium-based compds. as)

IT 105417-75-2, Almatex E 175

RL: USES (Uses)

(fillers for, surface-treatments for, alkoxytitanium-based compds. as)

5593-70-4DP, reaction products with polyoxyalkylene-containing acids

26183-44-8DP, reaction products with tetraisopropoxytitanium tetramer

31800-89-2DP, reaction products with tetrabutoxytitanium 80165-12-4DP,

reaction products with tetrabutoxytitanium hexamers 82293-55-8DP,

reaction products with polyoxyalkylene-containing acids 125826-06-4DP,

reaction products with polyoxyalkylene-containing acids 125870-89-5DP,

reaction products with polyoxyalkylene-containing acids 125925-79-3P

125925-80-6DP, reaction products with tetraisopropoxytitanium

125925-81-7DP, reaction products with tetraisopropoxytitanium pentamer

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as surface treatment for fillers)

IT 471-34-1, Whiton SSB, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)
 (surface treatment for, alkoxytitanium-based compds. as)

IT 125925-79-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as surface treatment for fillers)

RN 125925-79-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy1), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-, ether with [T-4-(Z)]-[mono(2-hydroxyethy1) 2-butenedioato-O4]tris(2-propanolato)titanium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 28 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1988:22315 HCAPLUS

DN 108:22315

TI Preparation and reactivity of metal-containing monomers. 6. Polymerization of metal-containing monomers based on Ti(IV) alkoxy derivatives and properties of the products

AU Dzhardimalieva, G. I.; Tonoyan, A. O.; Pomogailo, A. D.; Davtyan, S. P.

CS Inst. Khim. Fiz., Chernogolovka, USSR

SO Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya (1987), (8), 1744-8 CODEN: IASKA6; ISSN: 0002-3353

DT Journal

LA Russian

GΙ

$$R^{1}=$$
 $N = R^{2}$
 $R^{2}= -CH_{2}$
 $R^{2}= -CH_{2}$

AB The radical homopolymn. of (BuO)3TiOR (I; R = CH2CH2O2CMeC:CH2, CMe2C.tplbond.CCH:CH2, R1, R2) in C6H6 was 0.5 order with respect to monomer concentration, which was attributed to coordination of catalyst radicals

with the monomer and participation of such monomer-coordinated radicals predominately in chain termination. I homopolymers had high thermal stability (attributed to network formation) and 2 glass transition temps. and exhibited viscoelasticity.

CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

titanium contg polymer prepn property; polymn unsatd butoxytitanium compd STkinetics

ITGlass temperature and transition

(of titanium-containing vinyl polymers)

TΤ Kinetics of polymerization

(radical, of tributoxytitanium-containing vinyl compds., monomer-radical coordination in relation to)

96301-49-4 112130-34-4 IΤ 112144-98-6 112144-99-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polymerization of, kinetics of)

ΙT 112130-35-5P **112145-50-3P**

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and thermal properties of)

IT 112145-50-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and thermal properties of)

RN 112145-50-3 HCAPLUS

Titanium, tributoxy(2-methyl-5-hexen-3-yn-2-olato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 96301-49-4 CMF C19 H36 O4 Ti

L34 ANSWER 29 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1986:461753 HCAPLUS ΑN

DN 105:61753

Rust-preventing epoxy resin compositions TΤ

Sato, Shigeyuki; Matsushita, Mitsumasa INToyota Central Research and Development Laboratories, Inc., Japan PΑ SO U.S., 20 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DT Patent English LAFAN.CNT 11 DATE DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND 19840824 US 1984-643921 19851224 PΤ US 4560716 Α 19830830 JP 1983-158756 19850323 JP 60051712 A2 A2 JP 1983-167175 19830909 19850404 JP 60058426 19831003 Α2 19850501 JP 1983-185538 JP 60076529 19831005 JP 60079025 Α2 19850504 JP 1983-186201 19831006 JP 1983-188005 19850504 JP 60079026 A2 19831006 JP 1983-188006 JP 60079027 A2 19850504 JP 1983-208821 19831107 19850605 A2 JP 60101114 19831119 19850617 JP 1983-218454 JP 60110721 A2 19831212 JP 1983-234475 JP 60124620 A2 19850703 JP 1983-236530 19831215 19850708 A2 JP 60127320 19860201 JP 1984-145141 19840712 A2 JP 61023622 19860208 JP 1984-149246 19840718 A2 JP 61028519 19860213 19840723 A2 JP 1984-152673 JP 61031423 19840726 19860218 JP 1984-156320 JP 61034014 A2 19840727 19860221 JP 1984-158500 A2 JP 61036316 19830830 PRAI JP 1983-158756 19830909 JP 1983-167175 19831003 JP 1983-185538 19831005 JP 1983-186201 19831006 JP 1983-188005 19831006 JP 1983-188006 19831107 JP 1983-208821 JP 1983-218454 19831119 19831212 JP 1983-234475 JP 1983-236530 19831215 JP 1984-145141 19840712 19840718 JP 1984-149246 JP 1984-152673 19840723 19840726 JP 1984-156320 19840727 JP 1984-158500 The title compns. comprise an epoxy resin, a hardener, and ≥ 1 AΒ additive for forming a rust-preventing film selected from compds. HSP(S)(OR)OR1 (R and R1 = C1-24 alkyl, aryl, or alkenyl), and their metal or ammonium salts, compds. (R2NR3CS2) nMm (R2 and R3 = C1-18 alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, aralkyl; NR2R3 = cyclic radical; M = Zn, Mo, Fe, Cu, Pb, etc.; n and m = integer), and oxidized waxes. In some cases, the compns. also contain siloxanes, Al compds., Ti compds., and tin compds. The cured compns. have good resistance to high temperature and high humidity and are useful as rust-preventing encapsulating materials for semiconductor devices, etc. Thus, a mixture of o-cresol novolak epoxy resin 75, bisphenol A epoxy resin 25, phenol novolak 50, 2-phenylimidazole 3, silica 350, epoxysilane 2, carnauba wax 2, and Zn dioctyl dithiophosphate (I) 2 parts was used to encapsulate an elec. element by transfer molding at 175° for 3 min and curing 8 h at 165°. The encapsulated element exhibited moisture resistance (in saturated steam at 121°/2 atm until elec. conductivity stopped) 420 h, vs. 110 for a mixture without I. ICM C08K005-39 IC ICS C08K005-49 NCL 523451000

```
CC
       38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
      encapsulating epoxy waterproofing additive; potting epoxy waterproofing
 ST
      additive; heat resistance epoxy potting; corrosion prevention epoxy
      potting; thiophosphate waterproofing epoxy potting; thiocarbamate
      waterproofing epoxy potting; wax waterproofing epoxy potting; siloxane
      waterproofing epoxy potting; aluminum compd waterproofing epoxy; titanium
      compd waterproofing epoxy; tin compd waterproofing epoxy
 ΙT
      Potting
          (compns., epoxy, water- and corrosion-resistant)
 ΙT
      Heat-resistant materials
          (epoxy potting compns.)
 TΤ
      Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
      RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
      engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (epoxy potting compns. containing, water- and corrosion-resistant)
      Carnauba wax
 ΙT
      Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, uses and miscellaneous
      RL: USES (Uses)
         (oxidized, epoxy potting compns. containing, water- and
         corrosion-resistant)
 IT
      Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous
      RL: USES (Uses)
         (potting compns., for elec. apparatus, water- and corrosion-resistant)
 ΙT
      Waterproofing
         (agents, epoxy potting compns. containing)
 ΙT
      56-35-9
                56-36-0
                        57-11-4D, titanium polymeric complexes
      123-54-6D, titanium polymeric complexes
                                                 136-23-2
                                                            137-29-1
      141-97-9D, titanium complexes
                                      546-68-9
                                                  555-31-7
                                                             556-91-2
      595-90-4
                 637-12-7
                            818-08-6
                                       910-06-5
                                                  1068-31-1
                                                               1070-10-6
      1071-06-3
                  1071-18-7
                              1185-81-5
                                           1186-33-0
                                                       1461-25-2
      2269-22-9
                  2929-95-5
                              3085-30-1
                                          3090-35-5
                                                       3090-36-6
                                                                   3572-47-2
     3605-65-0
                  4259-15-8
                              4342-36-3
                                          4563-55-7
                                                       5128-29-0
                                                                   5593-70-4
     5847-55-2
                              6990-43-8
                  6028-57-5
                                          7059-15-6
                                                       7059-16-7
                                                                   7230-93-5
     7282-31-7
                  7439-98-7D, salts with dithiophosphate esters
                                                                   7440-32-6D,
     complexes
                  7440-66-6D, salts with dithiophosphate esters
                                                                   9022-96-2
     13269-74-4
                   13419-15-3
                                13681-87-3
                                             13878-54-1
                                                           14024-64-7
     14275-53-7
                   14275-57-1
                                14324-55-1
                                             14634-93-6
                                                           14728-88-2
     15167-49-4
                   15225-85-1
                                15306-17-9
                                             15337-18-5
                                                           15666-28-1
     15694-56-1
                   15796-28-8
                                15834-33-0D, esters, metal salts
                                                                    15874-15-4
     18475-38-2
                   18819-97-1
                                20260-60-0
                                             22205-26-1
                                                           25103-54-2
     27147-18-8
                   27738-95-0
                                31320-65-7
                                             36190-63-3
                                                           36190-64-4
     37066-82-3
                   39317-20-9
                                41556-46-1
                                             43100-11-4
                                                           53423-98-6
     54261-67-5
                  60755-39-7
                                61417-55-8
                                             62180-92-1
                                                           64060-97-5
     64157-14-8
                  65460-53-9
                                66197-44-2
                                             66447-32-3
                                                           66625-69-2
     66625-70-5
                  68425-65-0
                                68443-53-8
                                             74378-43-1
                                                           75113-35-8
     75752-67-9
                  79110-90-0
                                89370-59-2
                                             95297-96-4
                                                          97922-83-3
     99714-56-4
                  100835-88-9
                                100907-92-4
                                               102304-60-9
                                                             102328-54-1
     102390-10-3
                   102390-11-4
                                  102390-12-5 104764-71-8
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (epoxy potting compns. containing, water- and corrosion-resistant)
ΙT
     141-97-9D, titanium complexes 104764-71-8
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (epoxy potting compns. containing, water- and corrosion-resistant)
RN
     141-97-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
0
            0
  Me-C-CH2-C-OEt
 RN
      104764-71-8 HCAPLUS
      Titanium, tributoxy(1-octadecanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA
 CN
      INDEX NAME)
      CM
           1
      CRN
           74378-43-1
      CMF
          C30 H64 O4 Ti
        OBu-n
 n-BuO-Ti-O-(CH_2)_{17}-Me
        OBu-n
     ANSWER 30 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 L34
      1986:151300 HCAPLUS
 AN
 DN
      104:151300
     Dispersion improvers for inorganic fillers
 TI
     Sato, Masayuki; Kobayashi, Noriyuki; Funamoto, Akihiko; Kataoka,
 ΙN
     Yoshiharu; Ando, Yoshuki
 PΑ
     Nippon Soda Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     ______
                         ____
                                -----
                                            ______
     JP 60143820
PΙ
                          A2
                                19850730
                                            JP 1983-241447
                                                                   19831222
     JP 04013018
                          B4
                                19920306
PRAI JP 1983-241447
                                19831222
     Compds. (RO) 4-xTi[(OR1)nOR2]x (R = C1-8 hydrocarbyl, R1 = C4-22 divalent
     hydrocarbyl, R2 = C4-22 hydrocarbyl, average x = 1-3, average n = 1-20) are
     for dispersing organic fillers in organic compns. such coating
     compns., inks, and adhesives. Thus, 284 g (iso-PrO)4Ti and 1188 g
     p-(C9H19)C6H4O(C2H4O)4H were heated at 60-75° to give 1292 g
     iso-PrOTi[(OC2H4)40-p-C6H4C9H10]3 (I). A mixture of Epikote 828 100, I 0.5,
     TiO2 0.5, and xylene 37.6 parts was homogeneous, had viscosity 310 cP, and
     contained no sediment, vs. 820 cP and sediment when the composition contained
IC
     ICM B01F017-42
ICA
    C07F007-28
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
    Section cross-reference(s): 37, 42
    dispersing agent ethoxylate titanate; titania dispersant epoxy soln;
ST
    filler dispersant ethoxylate titanate
```

(dispersing agents for inorg. fillers in organic solution of)

Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

IΤ

IT Titanates RL: USES (Uses) (of ethoxylated alcs., dispersing agents, for inorg. fillers in organic Dispersing agents IT(titanates of ethoxylated alcs., for inorg. fillers in organic media) ΙT 25068-38-6 RL: USES (Uses) (dispersing agents for inorg. fillers in organic solns. of) ΙT 13463-67-7, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (dispersing agents for, in organic solution of epoxy resin) ΙT 101310-69-4P 101310-70-7P 101364-91-4P 101466-08-4P 101466-09-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as dispersing agent for inorg. fillers in organic media) ΙT 546-68-9 5593-70-4 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (transesterification of, with ethoxylated alcs.) ТΤ 9002-92-0 9064-14-6 26027-38**-**3 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (transesterification of, with tetraalkyl titanates) ΙT 101310-69-4P 101310-70-7P 101364-91-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as dispersing agent for inorg. fillers in organic media) 101310-69-4 HCAPLUS RN CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -(dodecyloxy)-, ether with (T-4)-dibutoxybis(1,2-ethanediolato-0)titanium (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

$$-CH_2$$
 $O-CH_2-CH_2$ $O-(CH_2)_{11}-Me$

RN 101310-70-7 HCAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -(4-nonylphenoxy)-, ether with (T-4)-tris(1,2-ethanediolato-O)(2-propanolato)titanium (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

PAGE 1-B

OPr-i
$$-\text{Ti-O-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2$$
OCH2
$$-\text{CH}_2$$
CH2

RN 101364-91-4 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-(dodecyloxy)-, ether with (T-4)-butoxytris(methyl-1,2-ethanediolato-0)titanium (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me-
$$(CH_2)_{11}$$
-O- $(C_3H_6)_{-0}$ - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - O - CH_2 -

3 (D1-Me)

PAGE 1-B

$$-CH_2-CH_2$$
 $-CH_2$
 ```
ANSWER 31 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ΑN
     1984:28822 HCAPLUS
DN
     100:28822
     Chemistry of substituted sulfuric acids: Part XVIII - Preparation of
TΙ
     methanesulfonatotitanium(IV) chloroacetates
     Kumar, Suniti; Mahajan, R. K.; Kapila, V. P.
ΑU
     Dep. Chem., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, 160 014, India
CS
     Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical
SO
     & Analytical (1983), 22A(6), 490-3
     CODEN: IJCADU; ISSN: 0376-4710
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     The solvolysis of TiClnMeSO3)4-n (n = 1-3) with ClmH3-mCCO2H (m = 1-3, HL)
AB
     gave TiLn(MeSO3)4-n (n = 1-3). Most of the compds. have bridging MeSO3
     groups and Ti[O6] chromophores. Thermochem. show that these are good
     Lewis acids. MeSO3 is a better coordinating group than L. TiLn(MeSO3)4-n
     form 1:1 and 1:2 complexes with 2,2'-bipyridine and pyridine, resp. The
     pyridine complexes decompose to TiO2.
     78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 69
     titanium methanesulfonato chlorooacetate pyridine bipyridine; acidity
ST
     titanium methanesulfonato chloroacetato
     86995-59-7P 86999-51-1P 86999-53-3P
ΤТ
     86999-55-5P 86999-57-7P
                               86999-59-9P
                                             86999-61-3P
                   87097-93-6P
     86999-63-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and Lewis acidity towards pyridine or bipyridine)
                                                             86995-55-3P
                                 86995-51-9P
                                               86995-53-1P
                   86995-49-5P
IT
     86995-47-3P
                                               87015-21-2P
     86995-57-5P
                   87015-17-6P
                                 87015-19-8P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and thermal decomposition of)
                                                             86995-56-4P
                                               86995-54-2P
                                 86995-52-0P
ΙT
     86995-48-4P
                   86995-50-8P
                   87015-18-7P
                                 87015-20-1P
                                               87015-22-3P
     86995-58-6P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
                               55042-27-8
                 55042-26-7
ΙT
     30321-36-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (solvolysis of, titanium methanesulfonate chloroacetato complexes from)
     86999-51-1P 86999-53-3P 86999-55-5P
TΤ
     86999-57-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and Lewis acidity towards pyridine or bipyridine)
     86999-51-1 HCAPLUS
RN
     Titanium, bis(methanesulfonato-0)bis(trichloroacetato-0)-, (T-4)-,
CN
     homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 86999-50-0
     CMF C6 H6 C16 O10 S2 Ti
```

RN 86999-53-3 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tris(chloroacetato-O)(methanesulfonato-O)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 86999-52-2 CMF C7 H9 Cl3 O9 S Ti

RN 86999-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tris(dichloroacetato-O)(methanesulfonato-O)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 86999-54-4 CMF C7 H6 C16 O9 S Ti

RN 86999-57-7 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (methanesulfonato-O)tris(trichloroacetato-O)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 86999-56-6 CMF C7 H3 C19 O9 S Ti

L34 ANSWER 32 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1979:179349 HCAPLUS

DN 90:179349

TI Imido derivatives of titanium(IV)

AU Nahar, K. R.; Solanki, A. K.; Bhandari, A. M.

CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Jodhpur, Jodhpur, India

SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1979), 449, 187-92 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313

DT Journal

LA English

The reactions of Ti(OPr-iso)4 with RCONH2 (R = Me, Ph, 3-pyridyl) in different stoichiometric ratios in anhydrous C6H6 gave the complexes of the type (iso-PrO)4-nTi(NHCOR)n (n = 1-4). All the complexes are insol. in common organic solvents, suggesting their polymeric nature. With the exception of (iso-PrO)2Ti(NHCOR)2 (R = Ph, 3-pyridyl) and Ti(NHCOR)4 (R = 3-pyridyl), the complexes do not sublime at 250° in vacuum nor do they decompose appreciably at <300°. The IR spectra are discussed.

CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

IT 69858-57-7P 69858-58-8P 69858-59-9P **69860-27-1P**

CM

1

CRN 69860-30-6 CMF C9 H19 N3 O4 Ti

RN 69860-33-9 HCAPLUS
CN Titanium, (benzamidato-N)tris(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-32-8 CMF C16 H27 N O4 Ti

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \mathsf{OPr}\text{-}\mathrm{i} \\ || & | \\ \mathsf{Ph}\text{-}\mathsf{C}\text{-}\mathsf{NH}\text{-}\mathsf{Ti}\text{-}\mathsf{OPr}\text{-}\mathrm{i} \\ | & | \\ \mathsf{OPr}\text{-}\mathrm{i} \end{array}$$

RN 69860-35-1 HCAPLUS
CN Titanium, bis(benzamidato-N)bis(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-34-0 CMF C20 H26 N2 O4 Ti

RN 69860-37-3 HCAPLUS
CN Titanium, tris(benzamidato-N)(2-propanolato)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-36-2 CMF C24 H25 N3 O4 Ti

RN 69860-39-5 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tris(2-propanolato)(3-pyridinecarboxamidato-N3)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-38-4 CMF C15 H26 N2 O4 Ti

RN 69860-41-9 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(2-propanolato)bis(3-pyridinecarboxamidato-N3)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69860-40-8 CMF C18 H24 N4 O4 Ti

RN 69900-49-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, (2-propanolato)tris(3-pyridinecarboxamidato-N3)-, (T-4)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69900-48-7

CMF C21 H22 N6 O4 Ti

```
L34 ANSWER 33 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ΑN
     1978:15270 HCAPLUS
DN
     88:15270
TI
     Oxozirconium(IV) alkoxides
     Paul, Ram Chand; Gupta, Surinder Kumar; Goyal, Veena; Vasisht, Sham Kumar
ΑU
CS
     Dep. Chem., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, India
     Monatshefte fuer Chemie (1977), 108(5), 1019-25
SO
     CODEN: MOCMB7; ISSN: 0026-9247
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AΒ
     Oxozirconium(IV) alkoxides of the type ZrO(OR)2.ROH and ZrOCl(OR).2ROH,
     where R = Me, Et, and iso-Pr, and ZrO(OCMe3)2.0.5 Me3COH and
     ZrOCl(OCMe3).1.5 Me3COH were prepared by the reaction of ZrOCl2.2HOAc with
     the corresponding alcs. in the presence of appropriate amts. of
     piperidine. The alkoxides were isolated and characterized through IR,
     thermal, and conductance studies.
     78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
ST
     zirconyl alkoxides
ΙT
     Infrared spectra
        (of zirconyl alkoxide)
ΙT
     65010-39-1P
                   65010-41-5P
                                 65010-43-7P
                                               65010-45-9P 65048-31-9P
     65048-33-1P 65048-35-3P 65153-56-2P
     RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation)
     ; PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation, IR spectrum and thermal decomposition of)
IT
     63239-16-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reactions of, with alcs.)
     65048-31-9P 65048-33-1P 65048-35-3P
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation)
     ; PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation, IR spectrum and thermal decomposition of)
RN
     65048-31-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     Zirconium, hydroxytrimethoxy-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
          1
    CRN 65048-30-8
    CMF C3 H10 O4 Zr
```

RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 99

RN 65048-33-1 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, triethoxyhydroxy-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 65048-32-0 CMF C6 H16 O4 Zr

RN 65048-35-3 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, hydroxytris(2-propanolato)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 65048-34-2 CMF C9 H22 O4 Zr

L34 ANSWER 34 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1977:415285 HCAPLUS

DN 87:15285

TI Reactions of dichloroxozirconium(IV) octahydrate with monocarboxylic acid chlorides

AU Paul, Ram Chand; Gupta, Surinder Kumar; Sharma, Rajendra Dev; Vasisht, Sham Kumar

CS Dep. Chem., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, India

SO Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, Teil B: Anorganische Chemie, Organische Chemie (1977), 32B(5), 543-6 CODEN: ZNBAD2; ISSN: 0340-5087

DT Journal

LA English

AB ZrOC12.8H2O reacts with acetyl, propionyl, butyryl and chloracetyl chlorides at low temps. to form addition compds. of the parent carboxylic acid, ZrOC12.2RCO2H, but at higher temps. the corresponding carboxylates of the type ZrO(RCO2)2.RCO2H are obtained. Benzoyl chloride does not react at low temps., but at 60° gives an addition product

```
ZrOC12.2PhCO2H, and at higher temps. a substitution product
     ZrO(PhCO2)2.2PhCO2H is obtained. Elemental analyses, molar conductance
     measurements, IR spectral studies and thermal decompns. have been carried
     out to understand the nature of these compds.
CC
     78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
ST
     zirconium carboxylic acid chloride
     59650-54-3P 63161-87-5P 63161-89-7P
     63161-91-1P 63221-63-6P 63239-17-8P
     63239-19-0P 63239-21-4P 63239-23-6P
     63288-62-0P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (preparation of)
IT
     75-36-5 79-03-8
                         79-04-9
                                  141-75-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with dichlorooxozirconium octahydrate)
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reactions of, with carboxylic acid chlorides)
IT
     59650-54-3P 63161-87-5P 63161-89-7P
     63161-91-1P 63221-63-6P 63239-17-8P
     63239-19-0P 63239-21-4P 63239-23-6P
     63288-62-0P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
RN
     59650-54-3 HCAPLUS
CN
     Zirconate(1-), tris(acetato-0)oxo-, hydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
         1
     CRN 59650-53-2
     CMF C6 H9 O7 Zr . H
     CCI CCS
      ● H+
     63161-87-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Zirconate(1-), oxotris(propanoato-0)-, hydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA
    INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 63161-86-4
    CMF
         C9 H15 O7 Zr . H
    CCI
         CCS
```

● H+

RN 63161-89-7 HCAPLUS

Zirconate(1-), tris(butanoato-O)oxo-, hydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 63161-88-6

CMF C12 H21 O7 Zr . H CCI CCS

● H+

RN 63161-91-1 HCAPLUS

Zirconate(2-), tetrakis(benzoato-0)oxo-, dihydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 63161-90-0

CMF C28 H20 O9 Zr . 2 H

●2 H+

RN 63221-63-6 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconate(1-), 3-(chloroacetato-0)oxo-, hydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 63221-62-5

CMF C6 H6 C13 O7 Zr . H

CCI CCS

● H+

RN 63239-17-8 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconate(2-), bis(acetato-0)dichlorooxo-, dihydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 63239-16-7

CMF C4 H6 C12 O5 Zr . 2 H

●2 H+

RN 63239-19-0 HCAPLUS
CN Zirconate(2-), bis(butanoato-0)dichlorooxo-, dihydrogen, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 63239-18-9 CMF C8 H14 C12 O5 Zr . 2 H CCI CCS

●2 H⁺

RN 63239-21-4 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconate(2-), dichlorobis(chloroacetato-0)oxo-, dihydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 63239-20-3

CMF C4 H4 C14 O5 Zr . 2 H

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ C1CH_2 - C - O - \\ C1 - \\ C1 - C - O - \\ C1 - C - CH_2C1 \\ C1 - C1 \\ C1 - C$$

●2 H⁺

RN 63239-23-6 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconate(2-), bis(benzoato-0)dichlorooxo-, dihydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 63239-22-5

CMF C14 H10 C12 O5 Zr . 2 H

CCI CCS

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & & \\
Ph-C-O-\frac{2+}{2+} & \\
-C1 & & \\
0 & & \\
\end{array}$$

●2 H⁺

RN 63288-62-0 HCAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 63288-61-9

CMF C6 H10 Cl2 O5 Zr . 2 H

●2 H+

```
L34 ANSWER 35 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ΑN
      1977:132686 HCAPLUS
 DN
      86:132686
     Complexes of alkoxy- and dialkoxytitanium(IV) chlorides with some
 TI
      bidentate ligands
     Paul, R. C.; Gupta, P. K.; Bindra, Kanwaljeet; Chadha, S. L.
ΑU
     Dep. Chem., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, India
CS
     Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical
SO
      & Analytical (1976), 14(10), 776-7
     CODEN: IJCADU; ISSN: 0376-4710
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     1:1 Complexes of phthalimide and succinimide and 1:2 complexes of
     a,a'-dipyridyl and its dioxide and 1,10-phenanthroline with ROTiCl3 (where
     R = Me, Et, C2H4Cl and C2H2F3) along with 1:1 complexes of phthalimide and
     succinimide with (MeO)2TiCl2 were prepared These complexes were
     characterized by anal. and IR spectral data. Ti(IV) in these complexes
     acquires 6-coordination by chloride bridging.
CC
     78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
     titanium alkoxy imide bipyridine chloride; phthalimide titanium alkoxy
ST
     chloride complex; succinimide titanium alkoxy chloride complex;
     phenanthroline titanium alkoxy chloride complex
     62363-33-1P 62363-35-3P
                                62363-37-5P
                                               62363-39-7P
                                                             62363-41-1P
     62363-43-3P 62363-45-5P 62425-81-4P 62828-94-8P
     62828-95-9P
                   62828-96-0P 62828-97-1P
                                               62828-98-2P
                                                             62828-99-3P
     62842-68-6P
                   62842-69-7P
                                 62842-70-0P
                                               62842-71-1P
                                                             62842-72-2P
     62976-15-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
ΤT
     62363-45-5P 62425-81-4P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
RN
     62363-45-5 HCAPLUS
    Titanium, dichlorodimethoxy(2,5-pyrrolidinedione-O)-, homopolymer (9CI)
CN
     (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 62363-44-4
    CMF
         C6 H11 C12 N O4 Ti
    CCI CCS
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C1 & - & - & \text{Me} \\
N & O & 4 + & Ti & - & O & \text{Me} \\
-C1 & O & Me
\end{array}$$

RN 62425-81-4 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dichloro(1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione-0)dimethoxy-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 62425-80-3

CMF C10 H11 C12 N O4 Ti

CCI CCS

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & & & \\
NH & & & \\
O & & & 4+\\
& & & \\
-C1 & & O \\
\end{array}$$
NH
$$\begin{array}{c}
C1 - & & \\
O - & Me \\
\end{array}$$

L34 ANSWER 36 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1976:413203 HCAPLUS

DN 85:13203

TI On some oxozirconium(IV) compounds

AU Paul, R. C.; Gupta, S. K.; Parmar, S. S.; Vasisht, Sham K.

CS Dep. Chem., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, India

SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1976), 423(1), 91-6 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313

DT Journal

LA English

AB Some new oxozirconium(IV) complexes: ZrO(An)2, ZrO(Gly)2, ZrO(HSal)2, ZrO(HPth)2, ZrO(Pic)2(HPic)2, and ZrO(Quin)2(HQuin)2 were isolated from the reactions of ZrO(OAc)2AcOH with anthranilic acid (HAn), glycine (HGly), salicylic acid (H2Sal), phthalic acid (H2Pth), picolinic acid (HPic), and 8-quinolinol (HQuin) resp. Their important ir bands and wherever possible molar conductance and mol. weight were reported.

CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

zirconyl complex; anthranilic acid zirconyl complex; glycine zirconyl complex; salicylic acid zirconyl complex; phthalic acid zirconyl complex; picolinic acid zirconyl complex; quinolinol zirconyl complex

IT 59596-21-3P 59596-23-5P 59596-25-7P

59650-44-1P 59650-45-2P **59650-54-3P 59650-71-4P** RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation)**; **PREP (Preparation)**

(preparation of)

IT 59596-21-3P 59596-23-5P 59596-25-7P

59650-54-3P 59650-71-4P

RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 107

RN 59596-21-3 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, bis(2-aminobenzoato-0)oxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59596-20-2

CMF C14 H12 N2 O5 Zr

RN 59596-23-5 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, bis(carbamato-0)oxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59596-22-4

CMF C2 H4 N2 O5 Zr

RN 59596-25-7 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconate(2-), bis[1,2-benzenedicarboxylato(2-)-0]oxo-, dihydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59596-24-6

CMF C16 H8 O9 Zr . 2 H

●2 H+

RN 59650-54-3 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconate(1-), tris(acetato-0)oxo-, hydrogen, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59650-53-2 CMF C6 H9 O7 Zr . H CCI CCS

● H+

RN 59650-71-4 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, bis(2-hydroxybenzoato-O1)oxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59650-70-3 CMF C14 H10 O7 Zr

L34 ANSWER 37 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1976:144093 HCAPLUS

DN 84:144093

TI Zirconium and oxozirconium IV formates

AU Paul, Ram Chand; Baidya, Om B.; Kapoor, R.

CS Dep. Chem., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, India

SO Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, Teil B: Anorganische Chemie, Organische Chemie (1976), 31B(3), 300-3
CODEN: ZNBAD2; ISSN: 0340-5087

DT Journal

LA English

AB Zr(OOCH)4 and ZrO(OOCH)2.2H2O were prepared by the reactions of ZrCl4 and ZrOCl2 with anhydrous formic acid, resp. The compds. were characterized by elemental analyses, molar conductance, thermogravimetry and ir spectral data. The compds. are nonelectrolytes in PhNO2 and have polymeric structures.

CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

ST zirconium oxo formate polymer

IT 59317-80-5P **59318-75-1P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

IT 7699-43-6 10026-11-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with formic acid)

IT 64-18-6, reactions

```
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (with zirconium tetrachloride and dichlorooxozirconium)
 ΙT
      59318-75-1P
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (preparation of)
      59318-75-1 HCAPLUS
 RN
 CN
      Zirconium, diaquabis(formato-O)oxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
      CRN 59318-74-0
      CMF C2 H6 O7 Zr
      CCI CCS
         OH<sub>2</sub>
       O-CHO
L34 ANSWER 38 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1974:132729 HCAPLUS
DN
     80:132729
TΙ
     Zirconium glycoxides
AU
     Saxena, U. B.; Rai, A. K.; Mehrotra, R. C.
     Chem. Lab., Univ. Rajasthan, Jaipur, India
CS
     Inorganica Chimica Acta (1973), 7(4), 681-4
     CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     Reaction between zirconium isopropoxide and various glycols in different
AΒ
     stoichiometric ratios gave a series of alkylenedioxy diisopropoxide,
     bis(alkylenedioxy) as well as tris derivs. of Zr. The mol. complexities
     of some soluble glycoxides were determined in boiling C6H6; ir studies were
also
     made.
CC
     23-7 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 29
ST
     zirconium glycol isopropanol complex
TΤ
     Infrared spectra
        (of zirconium glycol complexes)
ΙT
     Glycols, compounds
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (zirconium complexes and salts, preparation and ir spectra of)
TΤ
     28694-26-0P 52245-22-4P
                                52245-23-5P 52324-67-1P
     52324-69-3P 52359-38-3P 52359-40-7P
     52359-42-9P 52359-44-1P 52359-46-3P
     52366-25-3P 52543-98-3P 52543-99-4P
                                               52544-00-0P
                                                              52589-02-3P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
IT
     2171-98-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with glycols)
ΙT
     52324-67-1P 52324-69-3P 52359-38-3P
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RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 110

52359-40-7P 52359-42-9P 52359-44-1P

52359-46-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of) RN 52324-67-1 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, [1,2-ethanediolato(2-)-O]bis(2-propanolatao)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52324-66-0 CMF C8 H18 O4 Zr CCI CCS

RN 52324-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, [1,4-butanediolato(2-)-O]bis(2-propanolato)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52324-68-2 CMF C10 H22 O4 Zr CCI CCS

RN 52359-38-3 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, [1,5-pentanediolato(2-)-0]bis(2-propanolato)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52359-37-2 CMF C11 H24 O4 Zr CCI CCS

RN 52359-40-7 HCAPLUS

CN Zirconium, [1,10-decanediolato(2-)-0]bis(2-propanolato)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 52359-39-4 CMF C16 H34 O4 Zr CCI CCS

O-Pr-i i-Pr-O-4+ | i-Pr-O-(CH₂)₁₀-O-

RN 52359-42-9 HCAPLUS
CN Zirconium, [2,3-butanediolato(2-)-0]bis(2-propanolato)-, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52359-41-8 CMF C10 H22 O4 Zr CCI CCS

i-Pr-Oi-Pr-O-Zr-O-O-Me-CH-CH-Me

RN 52359-44-1 HCAPLUS
CN Zirconium, [2-methyl-2,4-pentanediolato(2-)-0]bis(2-propanolato)-,
homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52359-43-0 CMF C12 H26 O4 Zr CCI CCS

i-Pr-Oi-Pr-O-Zr-O-O-O-| | Me-C-CH2-CH-Me

RN 52359-46-3 HCAPLUS
CN Zirconium, [2,3-dimethyl-2,3-butanediolato(2-)-0]bis(2-propanolato)-,
homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52359-45-2 CMF C12 H26 O4 Zr CCI CCS

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L34 ANSWER 39 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1971:510005 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     75:110005
TI
     Syntheses and reactions of organometallics. V. Reactions of tetrabutyl
     titanates with terephthalic acid
ΑU
     Yoshino, Norio; Yoshino, Takeshi
CS
     Meguro Cent. Res. Lab., Sci. Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
     Kogyo Kagaku Zasshi (1971), 74(8), 1673-6
     CODEN: KGKZA7; ISSN: 0368-5462
DT
     Journal
LA
     Japanese
AΒ
     Reaction of Ti(OBu)4, Ti(OCHMeEt)4, and Ti(OCMe3)4 with Q(CO2H)2 (O =
     p-C6H4) gave [(BuO)3TiO2CQCO2Ti(OBu)2]20, [(EtMeCHO)3TiO2CQCO2Ti(OCHMeEt)2
     ]20, and [-Ti(OCMe3)202CQCO-]n, resp. The 1:1 and 2:1
     Ti(OCH2CHMe2)4-Q(CO2H)2 reactions gave (Me2CHCH2O)3TiO2CQCO2H and
     [(Me2CHCH2O)3TiO2C]2Q, resp. The products showed 2 ir carboxyl
     absorptions at 1530-1570 and 1375-1385 cm-1.
     25 (Noncondensed Aromatic Compounds)
CC
     titanate reaction terephthalic acid; titanium terephthalates IR spectrum
ST
ΙT
     Terephthalic acid, titanium complexes
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
ΙT
     33679-19-5P
                   33707-97-0P 33707-98-1P
     33708-00-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
TΨ
     3087-39-6 3374-12-7
                             5593-70-4
                                        7425-80-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with terephthalic acid)
TΤ
     100-21-0, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (with tetrabutyl titanates)
IT
     33679-19-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
     33679-19-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Titanium, di-tert-butoxy(terephthalato)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 47309-61-5
     CMF C16 H22 O6 Ti
     CCI CCS
```

L34 ANSWER 40 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1967:478574 HCAPLUS ΑN

DN 67:78574

Inorganic coordination polymers. IX. Titanium(IV) phosphinate polymers TI

ΑU Dahl, Gerd H.; Block, Burton P.

Pennsalt Chem. Corp., King of Prussia, PA, USA

SO Inorganic Chemistry (1967), 6(8), 1439-43 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669

DTJournal

LA English

cf. CA 64: 15986h. The following titanium(IV) phosphinates have been AB prepared, mainly by metathesis: (i) Ti(OR")2(OPRR'O)2 with R, R', and R", resp., Me, Me, and Me or Bu; Me, Ph, and Et; Ph, Ph, and Et or iso-pr; (ii) TiCl2[OPPh2O]2; (iii) TiO(OPRR'O)2 with R and R' both Me, both Ph, or one Me and one Ph; (iv) Ti[OPPh20]4; and (v) Ti(BB)(OPRR'O)2 with BB, R, and R', resp., C6H4O2, Me or Ph, and Ph; C6H4(O)COO, Me, and Ph; MeC(O-)CH2CH(O-)Me, Ph, and Ph; OC3H6O, Me or Ph, and Ph; or PhP(O)2CH2P(O)2Ph, Me, and Ph. TiCl2[OPPh2O]2 was prepared by the thermal

decomposition of TiCl4[OPPh2OEt]2. Mol. weight data show that all of the Ti(IV)

phosphinates made are at least trimers and that some have d.p. >20. Their ir spectra are consistent with phosphinate bridging, and it is probable that double phosphinate bridges are present in most of the polymers. The ir data also are in accord with Ti(0) rather than Ti-O-Ti bonding in the titanyl phosphinates. Thermogravimetric analysis shows that weight loss starts at as high as 450° in N for some of the polymers prepared. 25 references.

78 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

TITANIUM PHOSPHINATE POLYMERS; PHOSPHINATE TI POLYMERS; POLYMERS TI PHOSPHINATE

ITSpectra, infrared

(of titanium phosphinate polymers)

IT

1,3-Propanediol, titanium complexes
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-, titanium complex
Phosphinic acid, dimethyl-, titanium complexes
Phosphinic acid, diphenyl-, ethyl ester, titanium complex
Phosphinic acid, diphenyl-, titanium complexes
Phosphinic acid, methylenebis[phenyl-, titanium complex
Phosphinic acid, methylenebis[phenyl-, titanium complex

Phosphinic acid, methylphenyl-, titanium complexes

Pyrocatechol, titanium complexes

Salicylic acid, titanium complex

Titanium, bis(diphenylphosphinato)diethoxy-, polymers

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

Titanium, with phosphinic acid derivs. ΙT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (spectra and thermal anal. of polymeric)

IT Phosphinic acid, derivs. RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (titanium complexes, spectra and thermal anal. of polymeric) 1733-55-7P 18583-30-7P 24980-87-8P ΙT 24980-88**-**9P 25639-87-6P 27967-96-0P 30582-42-4P 30582-43-5P 30582-44-6P 30582-45-7P 30582-46-8P 30699-51-5P 30699-53-7P 30699-56-0P 30699-57-1P 30699-58-2P 30753-14-1P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) ΙT 30582-42-4P 30582-43-5P 30582-44-6P 30582-45-7P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) RN 30582-42-4 HCAPLUS Titanium, bis(dimethylphosphinato)dimethoxy-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME) СМ 1 45154-24-3 CRN CMF C6 H18 O6 P2 Ti OMe Мe Ti-O-P-Me Me OMe 0 RN 30582-43-5 HCAPLUS Titanium, dibutoxybis(dimethylphosphinato)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME) CM1 CRN 3283-13-4 CMF C12 H30 O6 P2 Ti Mе OBu-n Me Τi 0- P-Me 0 OBu-n RN 30582-44-6 HCAPLUS Titanium, diethoxybis(methylphenylphosphinato)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME) CM1 CRN 47526-07-8 CMF C18 H26 O6 P2 Ti

RN 30582-45-7 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, bis(diphenylphosphinato)diisopropoxy-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47808-91-3 CMF C30 H34 O6 P2 Ti

L34 ANSWER 41 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1967:101224 HCAPLUS

DN 66:101224

TI Some reactions of alkoxy and chloroalkoxytitanium(IV) compounds with tertiary amines

AU Anagnostopoulos, Augoustinos K.

CS Natl. Tech. Univ., Athens, Greece

SO Chimika Chronika (1967), 32(1), 1-4 CODEN: CCRNAO

DT Journal

LA English

AB The reaction of TiCl3OEt (I), TiCl2(OEt)2 (II), and TiCl(OEt)3 (III) with pyridine and Me3N was studied. Thus, when I, II, and III and the amine were mixed in benzene, the complex precipitated as a yellow solid. The obtained

complexes of I or II with the amine showed a stoichiometric ratio 1:2 whereas that of III had a molar ratio 1:1. No adduct was obtained between Ti(OEt)4 and the organic ligands.

CC 78 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

ST AMINES TI CHLOROALKOXY COMPDS; CHLOROALKOXY TI AMINES COMPDS; TITANIUM CHLOROALKOXY AMINES

IT Pyridine, titanium complexes

Trimethylamine, titanium complexes

IT 17070-25-6P 17142-10-8P 17142-12-0P 17142-13-1P **32056-71-6P 32056-72-7P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

IT 3087-36-3P 3112-67-2P 3582-00-1P 3712-48-9P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, and reaction with tertiary amines)

IT 32056-71-6P 32056-72-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of) 32056-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, chlorotriethoxy(pyridine)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

RN

CRN 46753-64-4

CMF C11 H20 C1 N O3 Ti

CCI CCS

RN 32056-72-7 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, chlorotriethoxy(trimethylamine)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 45152-32-7

CMF C9 H24 Cl N O3 Ti

CCI CCS

L34 ANSWER 42 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1967:65910 HCAPLUS

DN 66:65910

TI Poly(diorganophosphonyltitanoxane) oligomers

AU Andrianov, K. A.; Kuznetsova, I. K.; Bebchuk, T. S.; Kolchina, A. G.; Shaipova, I.

CS Inst. Element Org. Compd., Moscow, USSR

SO Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Neorganicheskie Materialy (1966), 2(11), 1913-20 CODEN: IVNMAW; ISSN: 0002-337X

DT Journal

LA Russian

AB [RR1P(O))]2Ti(OBu)2 [R = R1 = Me (I), R = Me, R1 = PhO (III), R = R1 = Ph (IV), R = R1 = PhO (V)] were prepared by a known method (CA 61, 3143b) using

9/1/04 Page 117 Ti(OBu)4 and the corresponding phosphinic acid at 130-45°. By hydrolytic polycondensation of these compds. (CA 64, 3588a) the following 5 poly(diorganophosphonyltitanoxane) oligomers (VI-X) were prepared (monomer and mol. weight given): I, 3600; II, 6705; III, 4200; IV, 4400; V, 4000. Poly(butyl titanate) (XI), d.p. 12, containing 36.45% TiO2, was obtained by the method of Suvorov and Spasskii, (CA 53, 20900e). A mixture of $7.9\overline{5}$ g. XI and 6.61 g. dimethylphosphinic acid was heated at $150^{\circ}/15$ mm. to give 9.74 g. VI after the evolved BuOH ceased to distil. The poly(diorganophosphonyltitanoxane) oligomers (oligomer and mol. weight given) obtained by this method were: VI, 3000; VIII, 5100; IX, 5700; X, 6930. By heating VI-X to 450° their organic groups oxidized. Ti-O-P bonds broke at higher temperature (.apprx.800°) but the main chain of the polymers remained unchanged. 35 (Synthetic High Polymers) POLYPHOSPHONYLTITANOXANES; TITANOXANES POLYMERS; PHOSPHONYLTITANOXANES POLYMERS Titanoxanes RL: USES (Uses) (with phosphonyl or related phosphorus-containing groups, oligomeric) Phosphinic acid, diphenyl-, titanium complex RL: PREP (Preparation) (polymers) Phosphinic acid, methylphenyl-, titanium complexes, polymers Phosphonic acid, methyl-, monomethyl ester, titanium complexes polymers Phosphonic acid, methyl-, monophenyl ester, titanium complexes polymers Phosphoric acid, diphenyl ester, titanium complexes, polymers RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) 31156-06-6P 31157-04-7P 31157-05-8P 31157-06-9P 31157-07-0P

TΨ

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

IT 31156-06-6P 31157-04-7P 31157-05-8P 31157-06-9P 31157-07-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 31156-06-6 HCAPLUS

Titanium, dibutoxybis(dihydrogen phosphato)-, tetraphenyl ester, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CC ST

TI

ΙT

IT

CRN 13135-29-0 CMF C32 H38 O10 P2 Ti

RN 31157-04-7 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(hydrogen methylphosphonato)-, dimethyl ester, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RONESI PCT/US04/01480 9/1/04 Page 118

CM 1

CRN 45271-61-2 CMF C12 H30 O8 P2 Ti

RN 31157-05-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(methylphenylphosphinato)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13091-11-7

CMF C22 H34 O6 P2 Ti

RN 31157-06-9 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(hydrogen methylphosphonato)-, diphenyl ester, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13091-12-8

CMF C22 H34 O8 P2 Ti

RN 31157-07-0 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, dibutoxybis(diphenylphosphinato)-, polymers (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1456-96-8

CMF C32 H38 O6 P2 Ti

VAR G1=5/7/10/17 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L14 (L15 232	SEA SEA SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 AND L5 AND L7 FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L12 AND 1-2/TI,ZR FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L12 AND 1-2/HF FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L13 OR L14	
штэ 232	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L13 OR L14	
L37 10	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (1.15 OR 1.36) NOT 1.15	
200	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L37	

3 or more Ti, 2x on Af

=> d 138 bib abs hitstr 1-2

L38 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN

1997:273649 HCAPLUS

DN 126:252530

Heat-resistant printing ink compositions with good discoloration ΤI prevention and viscosity stability

ΙN Inoe, Takahiko; Sakuma, Kazuo

PΑ Sakata Inks, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 09031385 PRAI JP 1995-183039 OS MARPAT 126:252530	A2	19970204 19950719	JP 1995-183039	19950719

MARPAT 126:252530 AΒ

Title compns. contain pigments, OH-containing resins, organic solvents, and ≥1 Ti(OR1)(OR2)(OR3)(OR4) and (R50)(R60)(R70)Ti1···cn $tdot. \cdot \cdot OTin(OR2n+4)(OR2n+5)(OR2n+6)$ (R's = C3-18 alkyl, acyl; \geq (2n + 2)/4 of R's are C17H35CO; n = 1-10) as crosslinking agents. Thus, an ink comprising triisopropoxytitanium monostearate 0.1, Tipaque R 900 (TiO2) 30, Rheomide S 2600 (polyamide) 16, HIG 1/2 4, and a 60:30:10 mixture of PhNe/Me2CHOH/EtOAc 49.9 parts was applied on a polypropylene film to show transfer temperature 100-120°, good viscosity stability, and no yellowing after 7 days at 40°.

188626-80-4P 188651-99-2P IT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (heat-resistant and storage-stable cellulose-polyamide printing ink compns. containing titanium stearates crosslinking agents)

RN 188626-80-4 HCAPLUS

Cellulose, nitrate, polymer with octakis(octadecanoato- κ 0)tri- μ -CN oxobis(2-propanolato)tetratitanium and Rheomide S 2600 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 188598-78-9 CMF C150 H294 O21 Ti4

CM 2

CRN 188494-81-7 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 3

CRN 9004-70-0

CMF $\,$ H $\,$ N $\,$ O3 $\,$. $\,$ x $\,$ Unspecified

CM 4

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 5

CRN 7697-37-2 CMF H N O3

O O = N - OH

RN 188651-99-2 HCAPLUS CN

Cellulose, nitrate, polymer with Rheomide S 2600 and tetrakis (octadecanoato-0) tri- μ -oxohexakis (2-propanolato) tetratitanium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 188494-81-7

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM2

CRN 114068-94-9

CMF C90 H182 O17 Ti4

CRN 9004-70-0

CMF H N O3 . x Unspecified

CM

CRN 9004-34-6

CMFUnspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM5

CRN 7697-37-2 CMF H N O3

L38 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1990:601373 HCAPLUS AN

DN 113:201373

ΤI Electrophotographic toners using crosslinked polymer as binder

IN Kamitaki, Takaaki

PΑ Canon K. K., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PRAI JP 1988	JP 02106762 JP 1988-259347	A2	19900418 19881017	JP 1988-259347	19881017

The title toners comprise a vinyl type copolymer having acid value AΒ

 \geq 5, which is crosslinked with a monomer or polymer RO[TiO(OR2)(OR3)]nR1 (I; R, R1 = C1-10 alkyl; R2, R3 = C1-10 alkyl, COR4; R4 = C1-30 alkyl, n = 1-15), or its mixture, and a coloring agent. The toners show good fixability, antioffset properties, flowability and provide clear color images without fog. Thus, a toner containing Bu acrylate-maleic acid-styrene copolymer, I (R = R 1 = R2 = R3 = iso-Pr, n = 5), C.I. Pigment Yellow 17 was mixed with a ferrite carrier to give a developer.

IT 130056-03-0 130056-04-1 130058-89-8 130085-54-0 130085-55-1 130085-56-2 130262-56-5 130280-99-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(binder, electrophotog. color toner containing)

RN 130056-03-0 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, docosabutoxynona- μ -oxodeca-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate, diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 16789-17-6 CMF C88 H198 O31 Ti10

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 5

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 ${\tt H_2C} = {\tt CH-Ph}$

RN 130056-04-1 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, hexabutoxytetrakis(octadecanoato-O)tri-μ-oxotetra-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate, diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13052-05-6 CMF C96 H194 O17 Ti4

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 130058-89-8 HCAPLUS CN Titanium, hexadecabutoxyhexa-µ-oxohepta-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7441-93-2 CMF C64 H144 O22 Ti7

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 ${\tt H_2C} = {\tt CH-Ph}$

RN 130085-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, tetra-µ-oxododecakis(2-propanolato)penta-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 61224-30-4 CMF C36 H84 O16 Ti5

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 130085-55-1 HCAPLUS

Titanium, docosabutoxynona-µ-oxodeca-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 16789-17-6

CMF C88 H198 O31 Ti10

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CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $\mathtt{H}_2\mathtt{C} \overline{=\!=\!=} \mathtt{C}\mathtt{H} \overline{-} \mathtt{P}\mathtt{h}$

RN 130085-56-2 HCAPLUS
CN Titanium, decabutoxytri-μ-oxotetra-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7393-48-8 CMF C40 H90 O13 Ti4

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 130262-56-5 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, hexabutoxytri- μ -oxotetrakis(pentanoato-0)tetra-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate, diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 130262-55-4 CMF C44 H90 O17 Ti4

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 5

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 130280-99-8 HCAPLUS

CN Titanium, hexabutoxytri- μ -oxotetrakis(tridecanoato-0)tetra-, polymer with (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid, butyl 2-propenoate, diethenylbenzene and ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 130280-98-7 CMF C76 H154 O17 Ti4

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-} \end{array} \text{CH}_2$$

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

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CM 5

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $_{12}$ C=- $_{2}$ CH- $_{2}$ Ph

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